

Clarius Ultrasound Scanner – HD Scanners User Manual

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Table of Contents

Abo	out This Manual	1
	Intended Users	2
	Document Conventions	2
1.	About the Clarius Ultrasound Scanner	6
	Device Description	7
	Product Dimension	7
	Product Usage	8
	Indications for Use	8
	Precautions	17
	Hardware	18
	Warranty	18
	Disposal	18
	Security	19
	Information Security	19
	Network Security	19
	Confidentiality	20
	Integrity	20
	Availability	21
	Accountability	21
	System Requirements	21
2.	Using the Clarius Ultrasound Scanner	23
	Downloading the Clarius App	23
	Turning the System on & off	
	Starting the Clarius App	24
	Exiting the Clarius App	24
	Inserting & Removing the Battery	
	Inserting the Clarius Battery HD	24
	Removing the Clarius Battery HD	25
	Imagina	25

	Start Scanning	25
	Scanner Notifications	26
	Using the Measuring Tools	27
	Voice Controls	30
	Start Voice Controls	30
	Turn off Voice Controls	31
	Voice Command Dictionary	31
	Updating the Clarius Ultrasound Scanner	31
	Software Updates	31
	Firmware Updates	31
	Maintenance	32
	Hardware Maintenance	32
	System Maintenance	34
3.	Accessories	35
	Clarius Fan HD	
	Clarius 2-in-1 Charging Station HD	
	Parts	
	Setting Up	
	Using the Clarius 2-in-1 Charging Station HD	
	Maintenance	
	Troubleshooting	
4.	Cleaning & Disinfecting	<i>1</i> 1
~.		
	Cleaning	
	Cleaning the Clarius Scanner HD	42
	Cleaning the Clarius Fan HD	
	Cleaning the Clarius 2-in-1 Charging Station HD	
	Disinfecting	
	Disinfecting the Clarius Scanner HD	
	Disinfecting the Clarius Fan HD	
	Disinfecting the Clarius 2-in-1 Charging Station HD	
	Spaulding Classification	46
5.	Safety	47
	About Diagnostic Ultrasounds	47
	Interactions with Matter	47

	Studies	47
	Benefits & Risks	48
	Safety Topics	48
	Product Safety	49
	Battery Safety	50
	Cleaning Safety	51
	Clinical Safety	53
	Biological Safety	53
	ALARA Principle	56
	Fire & Electrical Safety	65
	Electromagnetic Safety	66
6.	References	71
	Compliance Statement	71
	The Clarius Ultrasound Scanner	
	Product Classification	
	Product Serial Number	
	System Specifications	
	Scanner Specifications	
	Standards	
	Chemical	75
	Electrical Safety	76
	Labeling	
	Quality	76
	Security & Privacy	78
	Wireless	
	Cleaners & Disinfectants	79
	Cleaner & Disinfectant Usage	79
	Cleaner & Disinfectant Details	80
	Glossary of Terms	80
	Known Issues	80
Aco	oustic Output Tables	81
	Clarius Scanner C3 HD: B-Mode	81
	Clarius Scanner C3 HD: Color Doppler Mode	
	Clarius Scanner C3 HD: M-Mode	
	Clarius Scanner C3 HD: PW Doppler Mode	
	Clarius Scanner C7 HD: B-Mode	
	Ciarius Scanner C/ FD: Color Doppler Mode	

	Clarius Scanner C7 HD: M-Mode	. 87
	Clarius Scanner C7 HD: PW Doppler Mode	. 88
	Clarius Scanner EC7 HD: B-Mode	. 89
	Clarius Scanner EC7 HD: Color Doppler Mode	. 90
	Clarius Scanner EC7 HD: M-Mode	. 91
	Clarius Scanner EC7 HD: PW Doppler Mode	. 92
	Clarius Scanner L7 HD: B-Mode	. 93
	Clarius Scanner L7 HD: Color Doppler Mode	94
	Clarius Scanner L7 HD: M-Mode	
	Clarius Scanner L7 HD: Needle Enhance B-Mode	. 96
	Clarius Scanner L7 HD: Ocular (Ophthalmic) B-Mode	. 97
	Clarius Scanner L7 HD: PW Doppler Mode	. 98
	Clarius Scanner L15 HD: B-Mode	. 99
	Clarius Scanner L15 HD: Color Doppler Mode	. 100
	Clarius Scanner L15 HD: M-Mode	. 101
	Clarius Scanner L15 HD: Needle Enhance B-Mode	. 102
	Clarius Scanner L15 HD: Ocular (Ophthalmic) B-Mode	. 103
	Clarius Scanner L15 HD: PW Doppler Mode	. 104
	Clarius Scanner L20 HD: B-Mode	. 105
	Clarius Scanner L20 HD: Color Doppler Mode	. 106
	Clarius Scanner L20 HD: M-Mode	. 107
	Clarius Scanner L20 HD: Needle Enhance B-Mode	.108
	Clarius Scanner L20 HD: Ocular (Ophthalmic) B-Mode	. 109
	Clarius Scanner L20 HD: PW Doppler Mode	. 110
	Clarius Scanner PA HD: B-Mode	. 111
	Clarius Scanner PA HD: Color Doppler Mode	. 112
	Clarius Scanner PA HD: M-Mode	. 113
	Clarius Scanner PA HD: PW Doppler Mode	. 114
	Clarius Scanner PA HD: Transcranial B-Mode	. 115
	Clarius Scanner PA HD: Transcranial Color Doppler Mode	. 116
	Clarius Scanner PA HD: Transcranial M-Mode	. 11 <i>7</i>
	Clarius Scanner PA HD: Transcranial PW Doppler Mode	. 118
Revision History	y	110
Kevision insidi	<i>,</i>	

revision 14 iv

About This Manual



To obtain a printed copy of this manual at no additional cost, go to www.clarius.com/contact and contact Clarius.

This manual provides instructions for use on the Clarius Ultrasound Scanner - HD Scanners family of ultrasound scanners. For models that are not HD, refer to the appropriate user manual at clarius.com/manuals.

This document is licensed as part of the purchase of the Clarius Ultrasound Scanner and meets applicable regulatory requirements. Use of this document by unauthorized persons is strictly prohibited.

This document contains the following information:

- About the Clarius Ultrasound Scanner: Describes the product, and lists technical specifications, and its intended use.
- Using the Clarius Ultrasound Scanner: Shows you how to get started and begin scanning, introduces you to the features and concepts, and helps you set up your system.
- Accessories: Describes additional accessories you can purchase for use with your Clarius Scanner HD.
- Cleaning & Disinfecting: Explains how to clean and disinfect your scanner and its accessories.
- Safety: Outlines important safety standards, principles, and policies to follow when using the product.
- References: Offers information such as product standards and regulatory requirements.
- Acoustic Output Tables: Displays acoustic data for each scanner and mode.
- Revision History: Displays a historic list of changes made to this document.



Access to user documentation may be affected by: Internet availability and accessibility, website availability, and local electromagnetic interference.

Intended Users

This user manual is written for trained medical professionals who use the Clarius Ultrasound Scanner. It contains instructions and reference material pertaining to the usage and maintenance of the device.

This document does not provide training in sonography, ultrasound, or clinical practices.

Document Conventions

Icons

Icon	Title of Icon	Description
	Alert	Possible risks beyond the reasonable control of Clarius.
×	Do not do this	This icon indicates actions to avoid.
	Note	This icon indicates informative material or helpful suggestions.

Symbols Glossary

The symbols shown in this document and on the Clarius Ultrasound Scanner are compliant with current versions of the following standards: ISO 7000, ISO 7010, IEC 60417, and (EN) ISO 15223-1.

STANDARD: ISO 15223-1—GRAPHICAL SYMBOLS FOR USE ON EQUIPMENT—REGISTERED SYMBOLS

Symbol	Reference	Title	Description
	3082	Manufacturer	Indicates the medical device manufacturer.
	2497	Date of manufacture	Indicates the date when the medical device was manufactured.

revision 14

STANDARD: ISO 15223-1—GRAPHICAL SYMBOLS FOR USE ON EQUIPMENT—REGISTERED SYMBOLS

Symbol	Reference	Title	Description
REF	2493	Catalogue number	Indicates the manufacturer's catalogue number so that the medical device can be identified.
SN	2498	Serial number	Indicates the manufacturer's serial number so that a specific medical device can be identified.
NON	2609	Non-sterile	Indicates a medical device that has not been subjected to a sterilization process.
Ţ	0621	Fragile; handle with care	Indicates a medical device that can be broken or damaged if not handled carefully.
7	0626	Keep away from rain	Indicates a medical device that needs to be protected from moisture.
	0632	Temperature limit	Indicates the temperature limits to which the medical device can be safely exposed.
<u></u>	0224	Measure humidity	Indicates the range of humidity to which the medical device can be safely exposed.
<u> </u>	1641	Consult instructions for use or consult electronic instructions for use	Indicates the need for the user to consult the instructions for use.
À	0434A	Caution	Indicates that caution is necessary when operating the device or control close to where the symbol is placed, or that the current situation needs operator awareness or operator action in order to avoid undesirable consequence.
	1135	General symbol for recovery/recyclable	To indicate that the marked item or its material is part of a recovery or recycling process.

You may see some of these standard symbols on your Clarius Scanner HD, accessories, and packaging:

OTHER STANDARDS — GRAPHICAL SYMBOLS FOR USE ON EQUIPMENT — REGISTERED SYMBOLS

Symbol	Standard	Reference	Title	Description
	ISO 7010	M002	Refer to instruction manual/booklet	Indicates to read the instruction manual/booklet before starting work or before operating equipment or machinery.

revision 14

OTHER STANDARDS — GRAPHICAL SYMBOLS FOR USE ON EQUIPMENT — REGISTERED SYMBOLS

Symbol	Standard	Reference	Title	Description
	IEC 60417	5172	Class II equipment	To identify equipment meeting the safety requirements specified for Class II equipment according to IEC 60536.
	IEC 60417	5957	For indoor use only	To identify electrical equipment designed primarily for indoor use.
†	IEC 60417	5333	Type BF applied part	To identify a type BF applied part complying with IEC 60601-1.

You may see these other symbols on your Clarius Scanner HD, accessories, and packaging:

OTHER GRAPHICAL SYMBOLS FOR USE ON EQUIPMENT

Symbol	Title	Description
	Power connector	Indicates a barrel-type power connector.
RoHS 2	RoHS compliant	Identifies electrical and electronic equipment that meets the Restriction of Hazardous Substances (RoHS) Directive 2011/65/EU.
€	European Conformity	Conforms to European Council Directive 93/42/EEC.
FC	FCC	Conforms to US Federal Communications Commission.
⊕ ®	CSA certification	Certified by the Canadian Standards Association. The number below this symbol indicates the contract number.
	Waste Electrical and Electronic Equipment	Requires separate collection for electrical and electronic equipment in compliance with the Waste Electrical and Electronic Equipment (WEEE) Directive. When accompanied by Pb or Hg, components of the device may contain lead or mercury, respectively, which must be recycled or disposed of in accordance with local, state, or federal laws. The backlight lamps in an LCD system monitor contain mercury.
IP67	Ingress protection rating	The equipment inside the enclosure is protected from tools and wires greater than 1.0 millimeters, is dust-tight, and is also protected from immersion up to 1 meter in depth for 30 minutes.
===	DC	Direct current.
GS1	GS1 DataMatrix	Identifies GS1 encoded DataMatrix.
GMDN	Global Medical Device Nomenclature Code	A system of internationally agreed generic descriptors used to identify all medical device products.
EC REP	Authorized representative in the European Community	Indicates the Authorized representative in the European Community.

OTHER GRAPHICAL SYMBOLS FOR USE ON EQUIPMENT

Symbol	Title	Description		
CH REP	Authorized representative in Switzerland	Indicates the authorized representative in Switzerland.		
ANATEL	ANATEL	Conforms to the Brazilian Agency of Telecommunications.		
	n/a	Do not stack boxes.		
*	n/a	Do not use knife to open.		
Li-ion	n/a	Recycle Li-ion battery in accordance with local, state, and federal regulation.		
MD	Medical Device	European Medical Device Regulation 2017/745.		
${ m R}$ only	Rx Only	Caution: Federal (USA) law restricts this device to sale by or on the order of a physician.		

About the Clarius Ultrasound Scanner

Install, operate, and maintain this product according to the safety and operating procedures in this manual, and only for its intended purpose. Always use the information in this user manual in conjunction with sound clinical judgment and standard POCUS practices.

This product is subject to the law in the jurisdiction that the product is used. Install, use, and operate the product only in ways that adhere to applicable laws or regulations, which have the force of law.

This device complies with part 15 of the FCC rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) this device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.



- Product package must be maintained with medical device. Do not dispose.
- Using the product incorrectly, or for purposes other than those intended and expressly stated by Clarius, may relieve Clarius or its agents from all or some responsibility for resultant noncompliance, damage, or injury.
- Using portable and mobile radio frequency (RF) communications equipment can affect the operation of medical equipment.
- Operating this system in the presence of flammable gases or anesthetics can cause an explosion.
- Install and operate medical equipment according to electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) guidelines.
- Users are responsible for image quality and diagnosis.
- This product has demonstrated EMC compliance under conditions that included the use of compliant peripheral devices. It is important that you use compliant peripheral

devices to reduce the possibility of causing interference to radios, televisions, and other electronic devices.



- Circumstances in the patient's environment may negatively impact the scanner and the exam. For example: (1) Chemicals and gases in the operating room. (2) Altitudes below -382 m or above 4000 m.
- Vulnerable patients, such as children and pregnant/nursing women, may be more prone to the exposure of acoustic energy when the scanner is used for prolonged periods.
- Biological incompatibility may exist between the scanner materials used and the biological tissues, cells, and body fluids of the patient/user, taking account of the intended purpose of the scanner.
- Using the scanner in the patient environment may be unsafe if the following conditions exist: (1) Extremes in humidity (RH<15% and RH>90%). (2) Ambient temperatures that are excessively high (>40°C / 104°F) or excessively low (<-20°C /-4°F).
- Unqualified/untrained personnel purchasing and using the Clarius Scanner HD may be unable to attain quality images.

Users should be trained medical professionals (e.g., doctors, nurses, technicians) with previous training in ultrasound. Images produced by the scanner are transmitted wirelessly to the user's smart device (tablet or smart phone).

Device Description

The Clarius Ultrasound Scanner is a portable, general-purpose, software-controlled, diagnostic ultrasound system used to acquire and display high-resolution, real-time ultrasound data through a commercial off-the-shelf (COTS) Apple iOS or Android™ device. The Clarius Ultrasound Scanners are Bluetooth and wireless, and communicate with traditional tablets/smartphones via direct Wi-Fi to allow users to export ultrasound images and display in different modes of operation. The Clarius Scanner HD houses a battery and internal power supplies, multichannel beamformer, prescan converter, and Wi-Fi components. The battery is removable and comes with a separate charger.

The system is a transportable ultrasound system intended for use in emergency medical service (EMS) environments where healthcare is provided by trained healthcare professionals. The EC7 HD and the Clarius 2-in-1 Charging Station HD should be used in a stationary setting.

Product Dimension

Item	Length	Width	Thickness	Weight
	(in/mm)	(in/mm)	(in/mm)	(oz/g)
Clarius Scanner C3 HD (CIDN 99-13-00002)	6.5/164	3.1/78	1.5/38	11.4/324

revision 14

Clarius Scanner C7 HD (CIDN 99-13-00003)	6.7/169	3.1/78	1.5/38	10.5/298
Clarius Scanner EC7 HD (CIDN 99-13-00006)	12.9/328	3.1/78	1.5/38	12.1/342
Clarius Scanner L7 HD (CIDN 99-13-00004)	6.5/165	3.1/78	1.5/38	10.4/296
Clarius Scanner L15 HD (CIDN 99-13-00005)	6.5/165	3.1/78	1.5/38	10.7/304
Clarius Scanner L20 HD (CIDN 99-13-00014)	6.5/165	3.1/78	1.5/38	10.7/304
Clarius Scanner PA HD (CIDN 99-13-00007)	6.5/166	3.1/78	1.5/38	10.6/300
Clarius Battery HD (CIDN 99-13-00010)	1.1/27	2.87/72	1.3/32	2.4/68
Clarius Battery Charger HD (CIDN 99-13-00008)	1.9/48	2.9/74	1.9/49	2.1/60

Product Usage

Indications for Use

The Clarius Ultrasound Scanner is a software-based ultrasound imaging system and accessories, intended for diagnostic imaging. It is indicated for diagnostic ultrasound imaging and fluid flow analysis in the following applications: ophthalmic¹, fetal, abdominal, intraoperative (non-neurological, non-central nervous system, non-central cardiovascular system), pediatric, small organ, cephalic (adult), trans-rectal, trans-vaginal, musculo-skeletal (conventional, superficial), urology, gynecology, cardiac (adult, pediatric), peripheral vessel, carotid, and procedural guidance of needles into the body.

The system is a transportable ultrasound system intended for use in environments where healthcare is provided by trained healthcare professionals.

revision 14 8

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^{1.} Only applicable to the L7 HD, L15 HD, & L20 HD scanners.

Indications for Use Tables

Clarius Ultrasound Scanner HD

SYSTEM: CLARIUS ULTRASOUND SCANNER HD

INTENDED USE: DIAGNOSTIC ULTRASOUND IMAGING OR FLUID FLOW ANALYSIS OF THE HUMAN BODY AS FOLLOWS:

Clinical Application		Me	ode	Mode of Operation								
General (Track 1 Only)	Specific (Tracks 1 & 3)	В	M	Color Doppler	Power Doppler	PW Doppler	Combined (Specify)	Other*				
Ophthalmic	Ophthalmic	~										
Fetal Imaging &	Fetal	~	~	~	~	~	B+M; B+CD; B+PD; B+PWD					
Other	Abdominal	~	~	~	~	~	B+M; B+CD; B+PD; B+PWD	Note 1				
	Intra-operative (Abdominal organs & vascular)	~	~	~	~	~	B+M; B+CD; B+PD; B+PWD	Note 1				
	Laparoscopic											
	Pediatric	~	~	~	~	~	B+M; B+CD; B+PD; B+PWD	Note 1				
	Small Organ (Thyroid, Prostate, Scrotum, Breast)	~	~	~	~	~	B+M; B+CD; B+PD; B+PWD	Note 1				
	Neonatal Cephalic											
	Adult Cephalic	~	~	~	~	~	B+M; B+CD; B+PD; B+PWD					
	Trans-rectal	~	~	~	~	~	B+M; B+CD; B+PD; B+PWD					
	Trans-vaginal	~	~	~	~	~	B+M; B+CD; B+PD; B+PWD					
	Trans-urethral											
	Trans-esophageal (non-Cardiac)											
	Musculo-skeletal (Conventional)	~	~	~	~	~	B+CD; B+PD; B+PWD	Note 1				
	Musculo-skeletal (Superficial)	~	~	~	~	~	B+CD; B+PD	Note 1				
	Intravascular											
	Other (Urology, Gynecology)	~	~	~	~	~	B+M; B+CD; B+PD; B+PWD					
Cardiac	Cardiac Adult	~	~	~		~	B+M; B+CD; B+PD; B+PWD					
	Cardiac Pediatric	~	~	~		~	B+M; B+CD; B+PWD					
	Intravascular (Cardiac)											
	Trans-esophageal (Cardiac)											
	Intra-cardiac											
	Other (specify)											
Peripheral Vessel	Peripheral Vessel	~	~	~	~	~	B+M; B+CD; B+PD; B+PWD	Note 1				
	Other (Carotid)	~	~	~	~	~	B+M; B+CD; B+PD; B+PWD	Note 1				
Note 1: Needle En	hancement in B-Mode.											

Clarius Scanner C3 HD

DEVICE NAME: CLARIUS SCANNER C3 HD

INTENDED USE: DIAGNOSTIC ULTRASOUND IMAGING OR FLUID FLOW ANALYSIS OF THE HUMAN BODY AS FOLLOWS:

Clinical Application		Мс	de	of Operati	on			
General (Track 1 Only)	Specific (Tracks 1 & 3)	В	M	Color Doppler	Power Doppler	PW Doppler	Combined (Specify)	Other*
Ophthalmic	Ophthalmic							
Fetal Imaging &	Fetal	~	~	~	~	~	B+M; B+CD; B+PD; B+PWD	
Other	Abdominal	~	~	~	~	~	B+M; B+CD; B+PD; B+PWD	
	Intra-operative (Abdominal organs & vascular)	~	~	~	~	~	B+M; B+CD; B+PD; B+PWD	
	Laparoscopic							
	Pediatric	~	~	~	~	~	B+M; B+CD; B+PD; B+PWD	
	Small Organ (Thyroid, Prostate, Scrotum, Breast)							
	Neonatal Cephalic							
	Adult Cephalic	~	~	~	~	~	B+M; B+CD; B+PD; B+PWD	
	Trans-rectal							
	Trans-vaginal							
	Trans-urethral							
	Trans-esophageal (non-Cardiac)							
	Musculo-skeletal (Conventional)	~	~	~	~	~	B+M; B+CD; B+PD; B+PWD	
	Musculo-skeletal (Superficial)							
	Intravascular							
	Other (Urology, Gynecology)	~	~	~	~	~	B+M; B+CD; B+PD; B+PWD	
Cardiac	Cardiac Adult	~	~	~		~	B+M; B+CD; B+PWD	
	Cardiac Pediatric	~	~	~		~	B+M; B+CD; B+PWD	
	Intravascular (Cardiac)							
	Trans-esophageal (Cardiac)							
	Intra-cardiac							
	Other (specify)							
Peripheral Vessel	Peripheral Vessel	~	~	~	~	~	B+M; B+CD; B+PD; B+PWD	
	Other (Carotid)							
Note 1: Needle En	hancement in B-Mode.							•

Clarius Scanner C7 HD

DEVICE NAME: CLARIUS SCANNER C7 HD

INTENDED USE: DIAGNOSTIC ULTRASOUND IMAGING OR FLUID FLOW ANALYSIS OF THE HUMAN BODY AS FOLLOWS:

Clinical Application		Мс	de	of Operati	on			
General (Track 1 Only)	Specific (Tracks 1 & 3)	В	M	Color Doppler	Power Doppler	PW Doppler	Combined (Specify)	Other*
Ophthalmic	Ophthalmic							
Fetal Imaging &	Fetal	~	~	~	~	~	B+M; B+CD; B+PD; B+PWD	
Other	Abdominal	~	~	~	~	~	B+M; B+CD; B+PD; B+PWD	
	Intra-operative (Abdominal organs & vascular)	~	~	~	~	~	B+M; B+CD; B+PD; B+PWD	
	Laparoscopic							
	Pediatric	~	~	~	~	~	B+M; B+CD; B+PD; B+PWD	
	Small Organ (Thyroid, Prostate, Scrotum, Breast)	~	~	~	~	~	B+M; B+CD; B+PD; B+PWD	
	Neonatal Cephalic							
	Adult Cephalic							
	Trans-rectal							
	Trans-vaginal							
	Trans-urethral							
	Trans-esophageal (non-Cardiac)							
	Musculo-skeletal (Conventional)	~	~	~	~	~	B+M; B+CD; B+PD; B+PWD	
	Musculo-skeletal (Superficial)							
	Intravascular							
	Other (Urology, Gynecology)	~	~	~	~	~	B+M; B+CD; B+PD; B+PWD	
Cardiac	Cardiac Adult	~	~	~	~	~	B+M; B+CD; B+PD; B+PWD	
	Cardiac Pediatric	~	~	~		~	B+M; B+CD; B+PWD	
	Intravascular (Cardiac)							
	Trans-esophageal (Cardiac)							
	Intra-cardiac							
	Other (specify)							
Peripheral Vessel	Peripheral Vessel	~	~	~	~	~	B+M; B+CD; B+PD; B+PWD	
	Other (Carotid)							
Note 1: Needle Enl	hancement in B-Mode.	·						

Clarius Scanner EC7 HD

DEVICE NAME: CLARIUS SCANNER EC7 HD

INTENDED USE: DIAGNOSTIC ULTRASOUND IMAGING OR FLUID FLOW ANALYSIS OF THE HUMAN BODY AS FOLLOWS:

Clinical Application	Clinical Application		Mode of Operation								
General (Track 1 Only)	Specific (Tracks 1 & 3)	В	M	Color Doppler	Power Doppler	PW Doppler	Combined (Specify)	Other*			
Ophthalmic	Ophthalmic										
Fetal Imaging &	Fetal	~	~	~	~	~	B+M; B+CD; B+PD; B+PWD				
Other	Abdominal	>	~	~	~	~	B+M; B+CD; B+PD; B+PWD				
	Intra-operative (Abdominal organs & vascular)										
	Laparoscopic										
	Pediatric										
	Small Organ (Thyroid, Prostate, Scrotum, Breast)	\	>	*	~	*	B+M; B+CD; B+PD; B+PWD				
	Neonatal Cephalic										
	Adult Cephalic										
	Trans-rectal	~	~	~	~	~	B+M; B+CD; B+PD; B+PWD				
	Trans-vaginal	>	~	~	~	~	B+M; B+CD; B+PD; B+PWD				
	Trans-urethral										
	Trans-esophageal (non-Cardiac)										
	Musculo-skeletal (Conventional)										
	Musculo-skeletal (Superficial)										
	Intravascular										
	Other (Urology, Gynecology)	~	~	~	~	~	B+M; B+CD; B+PD; B+PWD				
Cardiac	Cardiac Adult										
	Cardiac Pediatric										
	Intravascular (Cardiac)										
	Trans-esophageal (Cardiac)										
	Intra-cardiac										
	Other (specify)										
Peripheral Vessel	Peripheral Vessel										
	Other (Carotid)										
Note 1: Needle En	hancement in B-Mode.										

Clarius Scanner L7 HD

DEVICE NAME: CLARIUS SCANNER L7 HD

INTENDED USE: DIAGNOSTIC ULTRASOUND IMAGING OR FLUID FLOW ANALYSIS OF THE HUMAN BODY AS FOLLOWS:

Clinical Application		Mode of Operation								
General (Track 1 Only)	Specific (Tracks 1 & 3)	В	M	Color Doppler	Power Doppler	PW Doppler	Combined (Specify)	Other*		
Ophthalmic	Ophthalmic	~								
Fetal Imaging &	Fetal									
Other	Abdominal	~	~	~	~	~	B+M; B+CD; B+PD; B+PWD	Note 1		
	Intra-operative (Abdominal organs & vascular)	~	~	~	~	~	B+M; B+CD; B+PD; B+PWD	Note 1		
	Laparoscopic									
	Pediatric	~	~	~	~	~	B+M; B+CD; B+PD; B+PWD	Note 1		
	Small Organ (Thyroid, Prostate, Scrotum, Breast)	~		~	~	~	B+CD; B+PD; B+PWD	Note 1		
	Neonatal Cephalic									
	Adult Cephalic									
	Trans-rectal									
	Trans-vaginal									
	Trans-urethral									
	Trans-esophageal (non-Cardiac)									
	Musculo-skeletal (Conventional)	~	~	~	~	~	B+M; B+CD; B+PD; B+PWD	Note 1		
	Musculo-skeletal (Superficial)	~	~	~	~	~	B+M; B+CD; B+PD; B+PWD	Note 1		
	Intravascular									
	Other (Urology, Gynecology)									
Cardiac	Cardiac Adult									
	Cardiac Pediatric									
	Intravascular (Cardiac)									
	Trans-esophageal (Cardiac)									
	Intra-cardiac									
	Other (specify)									
Peripheral Vessel	Peripheral Vessel	~	~	~	~	~	B+M; B+CD; B+PD; B+PWD	Note 1		
	Other (Carotid)	~	~	~	~	~	B+M; B+CD; B+PD; B+PWD	Note 1		
Note 1: Needle En	hancement in B-Mode.									

Clarius Scanner L15 HD

DEVICE NAME: CLARIUS SCANNER L15 HD

INTENDED USE: DIAGNOSTIC ULTRASOUND IMAGING OR FLUID FLOW ANALYSIS OF THE HUMAN BODY AS FOLLOWS:

Clinical Application		Mode of Operation								
General (Track 1 Only)	Specific (Tracks 1 & 3)	В	М	Color Doppler	Power Doppler	PW Doppler	Combined (Specify)	Other*		
Ophthalmic	Ophthalmic	~								
Fetal Imaging &	Fetal									
Other	Abdominal	~	~	~	~	~	B+M; B+CD; B+PD; B+PWD	Note 1		
	Intra-operative (Abdominal organs & vascular)	~	>	~	~	~	B+M; B+CD; B+PD; B+PWD	Note 1		
	Laparoscopic									
	Pediatric	~	~	~	~	~	B+M; B+CD; B+PD; B+PWD	Note 1		
	Small Organ (Thyroid, Prostate, Scrotum, Breast)	~		~	~	~	B+CD; B+PD; B+PWD	Note 1		
	Neonatal Cephalic									
	Adult Cephalic									
	Trans-rectal									
	Trans-vaginal									
	Trans-urethral									
	Trans-esophageal (non-Cardiac)									
	Musculo-skeletal (Conventional)	~	~	~	~	~	B+M; B+CD; B+PD; B+PWD	Note 1		
	Musculo-skeletal (Superficial)	~	>	~	~	~	B+M; B+CD; B+PD; B+PWD	Note 1		
	Intravascular									
	Other (Urology, Gynecology)									
Cardiac	Cardiac Adult									
	Cardiac Pediatric									
	Intravascular (Cardiac)									
	Trans-esophageal (Cardiac)									
	Intra-cardiac									
	Other (specify)									
Peripheral Vessel	Peripheral Vessel	~	~	~	~	~	B+M; B+CD; B+PD; B+PWD	Note 1		
	Other (Carotid)	~	>	~	~	~	B+M; B+CD; B+PD; B+PWD	Note 1		
Note 1: Needle En	hancement in B-Mode.									

Clarius Scanner L20 HD

DEVICE NAME: CLARIUS SCANNER L20 HD

INTENDED USE: DIAGNOSTIC ULTRASOUND IMAGING OR FLUID FLOW ANALYSIS OF THE HUMAN BODY AS FOLLOWS:

Clinical Application		Mode of Operation								
General (Track 1 Only)	Specific (Tracks 1 & 3)	В	M	Color Doppler	Power Doppler	PW Doppler	Combined (Specify)	Other*		
Ophthalmic	Ophthalmic	~								
Fetal Imaging &	Fetal									
Other	Abdominal									
	Intra-operative (Abdominal organs & vascular)	~	~	~	~	~	B+M; B+CD; B+PD; B+PWD	Note 1		
	Laparoscopic									
	Pediatric	~	~	~	~	~	B+M; B+CD; B+PD; B+PWD	Note 1		
	Small Organ (Thyroid, Prostate, Scrotum, Breast)	~	~	~	~	~	B+CD; B+PD; B+PWD	Note 1		
	Neonatal Cephalic									
	Adult Cephalic									
	Trans-rectal									
	Trans-vaginal									
	Trans-urethral									
	Trans-esophageal (non-Cardiac)									
	Musculo-skeletal (Conventional)	~	~	~	~	~	B+M; B+CD; B+PD; B+PWD	Note 1		
	Musculo-skeletal (Superficial)	~	~	~	~	~	B+M; B+CD; B+PD; B+PWD	Note 1		
	Intravascular									
	Other (Urology, Gynecology)									
Cardiac	Cardiac Adult									
	Cardiac Pediatric									
	Intravascular (Cardiac)									
	Trans-esophageal (Cardiac)									
	Intra-cardiac									
	Other (specify)									
Peripheral Vessel	Peripheral Vessel	~	~	~	~	~	B+M; B+CD; B+PD; B+PWD	Note 1		
	Other (Carotid)	~	~	~	~	~	B+M; B+CD; B+PD; B+PWD	Note 1		
Note 1: Needle En	hancement in B-Mode.									

Clarius Scanner PA HD

DEVICE NAME: CLARIUS SCANNER PA HD

INTENDED USE: DIAGNOSTIC ULTRASOUND IMAGING OR FLUID FLOW ANALYSIS OF THE HUMAN BODY AS FOLLOWS:

Clinical Application		Mode of Operation								
General (Track 1 Only)	Specific (Tracks 1 & 3)	В	M	Color Doppler	Power Doppler	PW Doppler	Combined (Specify)	Other*		
Ophthalmic	Ophthalmic									
Fetal Imaging &	Fetal	~	~	~	~	~	B+M; B+CD; B+PD; B+PWD	Note 1		
Other	Abdominal	~	~	~	~	~	B+M; B+CD; B+PD; B+PWD	Note 1		
	Intra-operative (Abdominal organs & vascular)	~	~	~	~	~	B+M; B+CD; B+PD; B+PWD	Note 1		
	Laparoscopic									
	Pediatric	~	~	~	~	~	B+M; B+CD; B+PD; B+PWD	Note 1		
	Small Organ (Thyroid, Prostate, Scrotum, Breast)									
	Neonatal Cephalic	~	~	~	~	~	B+M; B+CD; B+PD; B+PWD	Note 1		
	Adult Cephalic	~	~	~	~	~	B+M; B+CD; B+PD; B+PWD	Note 1		
	Trans-rectal									
	Trans-vaginal									
	Trans-urethral									
	Trans-esophageal (non-Cardiac)									
	Musculo-skeletal (Conventional)									
	Musculo-skeletal (Superficial)									
	Intravascular									
	Other (Urology, Gynecology)									
Cardiac	Cardiac Adult	~	~	~	~	~	B+M; B+CD; B+PD; B+PWD	Note 1		
	Cardiac Pediatric	>	~	~	~	~	B+M; B+CD; B+PD; B+PWD	Note 1		
	Intravascular (Cardiac)									
	Trans-esophageal (Cardiac)									
	Intra-cardiac									
	Other (specify)									
Peripheral Vessel	Peripheral Vessel									
	Other (Carotid)									
Note 1: Needle En	hancement in B-Mode.	•								

Precautions

For Use in Surgical Environments

Before you use the Clarius Scanner HD for intra-operative procedures or in a surgical environment, follow the instructions for high-level disinfection (for instructions see *High-Level Disinfection* on page 45), then cover the Clarius Scanner HD with an approved third-party manufactured sheath (according to the regulatory jurisdiction where it is available, such as but not limited to the US, Canada, and the EU), following the usage instructions provided by the manufacturer.

When you have finished using the Clarius Scanner HD, immediately clean it (for instructions see *Cleaning the Clarius Scanner HD* on page 42), followed by another high-level disinfection.

If the sheath breaks during the intra-operative procedure, dispose the sheath and follow the same cleaning and high-level disinfecting process as above, then cover the Clarius Scanner HD with a new sheath before continuing to use it.

For Use in Endocavitary Procedures

Before using the Clarius Scanner HD for endocavitary procedures (trans-vaginal and/or trans-rectal), inspect the probe for any rough surfaces, sharp edges, or sharp corners that may cause harm to the patient. Next, perform a high-level disinfection (for instructions see *High-Level Disinfection* on page 45). The EC7 HD scanner shall be covered with an approved third-party manufactured probe cover/sheath (according to the regulatory jurisdiction where it is available, such as but not limited to the US, Canada, and the EU), following the usage instructions provided by the manufacturer. Ensure the entire length of the end piece is protected/covered by the sheath prior to use.



When you have finished using the Clarius Scanner EC7 HD, immediately clean it (for instructions see *Cleaning the Clarius Scanner HD* on page 42), followed by another high-level disinfection. If a Clarius Fan HD (CIDN 50-02-00061) was used, remove the fan prior to the high-level disinfection and follow the instructions for an intermediate-level disinfection (for instructions see *Disinfecting the Clarius Fan HD* on page 45).

If the sheath breaks during an endocavitary procedure, dispose the sheath and follow the same cleaning and high-level disinfecting process as above, then cover the Clarius Scanner HD with a new sheath before continuing use.

When using a biopsy guide, use one of the following recommended products:

- Civco Reusable Endocavity Needle Guide (Product Number 613-198)
- Civco Disposable Endocavity Needle Guide (Product Numbers 667-089 and 667-090)

Follow the usage instructions provided by the manufacturer.



Do not reuse biopsy guides unless instructed by the manufacturer.

For Use in Ophthalmic Procedures

Using the Clarius Ultrasound Scanner - HD Scanners for ophthalmic (ocular) indications is restricted to the Clarius Scanner L7 HD, L15 HD, and L20 HD (all in B-Mode). No other model should be used for this indication or for any use causing the acoustic beam to pass through the eye. Doing so may result in serious and irreversible harm to the eye of the patient.

Hardware

Warranty

Your Clarius Scanner HD includes a standard three-year warranty.

- For full warranty details, go to https://clarius.com/ca/warranty-terms.
- To purchase extended warranty, go to www.clarius.com/contact and contact Clarius.

Disposal

Clarius is an active participant in the protection of the natural environment. The equipment and its accessories are designed and manufactured according to environmental protection guidelines, and the disposal of this equipment is intended to follow the same principles. The equipment materials that are essential for functionality are also harmful to the natural environment, therefore, you must dispose these materials appropriately.

For proper disposal of the Clarius Scanner HD or any of its accessories, dispose it in accordance with local, state, and federal regulations. Alternatively, you can return it to Clarius.



The improper disposal of the Clarius Scanner HD (when the battery no longer works or if the scanner has exceeded its shelf life) or any of its accessories, adds hazardous materials to our landfills.

Security

Information Security

When entering data using the Clarius App, it is your responsibility to protect your security credentials (e.g., passwords) and the personal information of patients (e.g., names). You are responsible for ensuring that patient health information is protected when using features in the Clarius App that may expose identifying information to other viewers (e.g., Clarius Live).

Network Security

When connecting your smart device, use a network that supports Wi-Fi 802.11n. We recommend that you secure this network using WPA (Wi-Fi Protected Access) or WPA2 (Wi-Fi Protected Access II) as your security protocol.

For information on setting up your wireless network security, refer to your network equipment's documentation.



You may run into situations where no wireless access point is available. Using an untrusted wireless access point may allow malicious parties to see your Wi-Fi signals, perform harmful actions, and view communications between the two smart devices. When no secure access point is available, operate the Clarius App in Wi-Fi Direct mode, and it will automatically set up encryption.

For security purposes:

- Use secure passwords.
- Use secure wireless equipment using the latest firmware and software, and secure protocols.
- Lock your smart devices.
- Go to Apple App Store or Google Play Store and update the Clarius App to the latest version.
- Ensure your mobile device is running the latest version of Android™ or iOS . The Clarius App supports the latest three versions of Android™ and iOS.
- Do not run the Clarius App on devices that are rooted or jailbroken.

The following actions could introduce new risks to patients, operators, and third parties. It is your organization's responsibility to identify, analyze, evaluate, and control these risks:

- Changing network configurations.
- Connecting to additional networks or disconnecting from existing networks.
- Upgrading to new equipment or updating existing equipment.

Confidentiality

Confidentiality of information is assured as follows:

- The scanner contains no patient-identifying information.
- When the scanner connects to a wireless network, it encrypts and stores the Wi-Fi password.
- The data transferred between the Clarius Scanner HD and the Clarius App is encrypted.
- Image data contains no patient- or user-identifying information and is transmitted in unencrypted form. If you want this data encrypted, connect to a:
 - Wi-Fi network where only trusted parties are permitted. The Wi-Fi network encrypts all image data sent from other Wi-Fi networks.
 - Wi-Fi Direct network. The Wi-Fi Direct network encrypts all image data, and because no other users are on the Wi-Fi Direct network, the image data is confidential.
- If no images are exported to Clarius Cloud or DICOM, the Clarius App stores them indefinitely. If images are exported, these images will be deleted from the device 10 days after export by default. You can change this default in the Clarius App's Settings page.

Integrity

Integrity of the data transmitted between the Clarius Scanner HD and the Clarius App is assured as follows:

- Authenticated encryption prevents malicious users from intercepting and modifying data.
- Integrity checks ensure completion and validity of data received. If any data is incomplete or invalid, it is discarded.
- TCP channels used over Wi-Fi ensures that data is delivered correctly. For transmitting image data, a UDP channel is used.

Availability

If Wi-Fi connection is unattainable (e.g., Wi-Fi access points are unavailable, or the network is down), use Wi-Fi Direct network, which is managed by the smart device. Because Wi-Fi Direct network is a peer-to-peer connection using the Wi-Fi protocol, it disallows other users from connecting, thereby reducing DDOS (Distributed Denial of Service) attacks.

If the Wi-Fi Direct network is disrupted, the Clarius Scanner HD continues to monitor itself, and shuts down after a period of inactivity. This reduces acoustic energy transmission and battery usage.

Accountability

The concept of accountability does not apply to the Clarius Ultrasound Scanner. However, ownership (i.e., the active user) of a smart device is assigned to one user at a time. Once you begin using the smart device, no other user can connect to the same smart device. All data transmitted between the smart device and the Clarius App is owned by the active user.

System Requirements

Using the Clarius Ultrasound Scanner on a smart device that does not meet the minimum requirements may result in low-quality images, unexpected results, and possible misdiagnoses.

To run the Clarius App, a smart device must meet or exceed the following minimum specifications:

Technical Features:

- Supports Bluetooth LE v4.0+
- Supports Wi-Fi 802.11n and Wi-Fi Direct
- 8 GB of storage (on-board)
- 1 GB of memory

Operating System:

• Two versions prior to the latest iOS or Android™-stable release build

Display:

- Resolution (in pixels) of at least 960x640 (or 640x960)
- Contrast ratio of at least 800:1
- Supports OpenGL ES 2.0



- Some sections of this User Manual may not apply to earlier versions of the Clarius Ultrasound Scanner. Make sure you have the latest version of the Clarius App.
- Using a smart device that is too small may not have the necessary resolution for viewing small structures.

Using the Clarius Ultrasound Scanner

This chapter explains how to install and use your Clarius Ultrasound Scanner safely and effectively.

Refer to *Safety* on page 47 before handling the Clarius Ultrasound Scanner

Your Clarius Scanner HD is already activated and ready for use. Just download the Clarius App on an Apple iOS device or an Android™-based device.

Downloading the Clarius App

Whether you are using Apple iOS or Android™, you must have an account and password set up with them.

Before installing the Clarius App, make sure your smart device meets the minimum requirements. See *System Requirements* on page 21.

▼To download the Clarius App:

- 1. Go to the Apple App Store or Google Play Store.
- 2. Search for the Clarius App.

If you cannot find the Clarius App, your smart device may not be meeting minimum specifications.

3. Tap the Install button and follow the instructions on your screen.

This downloads the application.

4. Tap the Open button.

This opens the Clarius App.

Turning the System on & off

Starting the Clarius App



Before you begin using the Clarius Ultrasound Scanner, make sure you have the Clarius Scanner HD and also your smart device with the Clarius App installed on it.

▼To open the Clarius App on your smart device:

Go to your smart device's home screen and tap



The Clarius App opens to the sign-in screen.

For information on using the Clarius App and scanner, go to https:// support.clarius.com/hc/en-us.

Exiting the Clarius App

▼To close the Clarius App:

Refer to your smart device's user manual.

Inserting & Removing the Battery

If the battery is low or empty, recharge it by following the instructions on Storing Scanners on page 34.

Batteries are designed for different scanners. Use only batteries that match your scanner type.

Inserting the Clarius Battery HD

▼To insert the Clarius Battery HD into the Clarius Scanner HD:

- 1. Make sure that the battery contacts are facing inward, and that the logo is facing outward.
- 2. Attach the right hinge of the battery to the right groove of the battery slot.

revision 14 24 Make sure the edge of the battery lines up with the edge of the scanner.

3. Snap the left side of the battery into the left side of the battery slot.

This locks the battery into place.

When the battery contacts are detected, the Clarius Scanner HD will emit a sound.

Removing the Clarius Battery HD

▼To remove the Clarius Battery HD from the Clarius Scanner HD:

1. Press the latch located to the left of the battery.

This unlocks the battery.

2. Lift the left side of the battery out of the battery slot.

This loosens the battery from the battery slot.

3. Continue lifting the battery out until it is removed from the scanner.

Imaging

Start Scanning

Scanner Buttons	Description
Up	Press this button to turn on the scanner. Press this button while scanning to capture an image.
Down	Press this button while scanning to freeze or unfreeze an image.

The Clarius Scanner HD can take up to 30 seconds to power up and prepare for imaging.



When scanning for more than 15 consecutive minutes, with any Clarius Scanner HD, the fan must be used. For information on the fan, see *Clarius Fan HD* on page 35.

When you go to the image acquisition page to begin an exam, the Clarius Scanner HD automatically switches from standby mode to scanning mode. For instructions on using the imaging tools, go to https://support.clarius.com/hc/en-us.

A typical use of the Clarius Scanner HD is described as five continuous scanning minutes followed by 10 minutes in standby mode (or turned off).



- Notifications and alerts from third-party applications may interrupt you or the Clarius App, thereby interfering with the exam. Configure your smart device in accordance with your institution's security policies.
- Vibration range that is too high for the scanner may cause the scanner to malfunction during an exam.
- Using improper gel type or combining different gel types may expose patients to risks and produce poor-quality images.

For proper transmission of the acoustic beam, use only Aquasonic 100, and use it only before its expiry date. Download the usage instructions from www.parkerlabs.com and read all the information before operating the device.



Do not use:

- Lotion-based products or gels that contain mineral oil.
- Hand-sanitizing gels.
- Scanners left soaking in gel.

Scanner Notifications

The Clarius Ultrasound Scanner displays no error messages. Instead, the Clarius Scanner HD presents visual notifications in the form of status lights, and audible notifications in the form of status alerts.

Status Lights

The following table defines the Clarius Scanner HD's status lights:

Color	Display	Meaning
Blue	Flashing	Scanner is booting up.
Blue	Solid	Scanner is ready for a Wi-Fi connection.
Green	Flashing	Scanner is imaging and live ultrasound image is displayed via Clarius App (has ultrasound output).
Green	Solid	Scanner is connected to the Clarius App via Wi-Fi and is ready to start imaging.
Orange	Flashing	Battery is low.

Color	Display	Meaning
Orange	Solid	Scanner error (software or hardware).
Purple	Flashing	Software/firmware is updating.

Audible Notifications

The following table defines the audible indicators the Clarius Scanner HD emits:

Sounds	Meaning
2 quick beeps	Scanner components are ready
3 quick beeps	Bluetooth is ready
2 tone-increasing pitches	Power on
2 tone-decreasing pitches	Power off
1 beep every few seconds	Battery is critically low
Ringing	Find my scanner

Using the Measuring Tools

Measurement Accuracy

You can use the ultrasound system to make measurements on ultrasound images. The measurements are then used with other clinical data to make a diagnosis.

Never make a diagnosis based solely on measurements. When quantifying data, consider other factors. The accuracy of each measurement is highly dependent on image quality, which in turn is highly dependent on system design, operator scanning technique, familiarity with system controls, and patient echogenicity.



You are responsible for image quality and diagnosis. Ensure that the data used for inspection and diagnosis is sufficient, both spatially and temporally, for the measurement method.

Measurement Accuracy Tables

Each figure below is derived from the sum of all parts of the Clarius Ultrasound Scanner.

2D MEASUREMENT ACCURACY

Scanner	Measurement	System Tolerance	Range
Clarius Scanner PA HD	Axial Distance	< ± 2%	0 – 30.5 cm
	Lateral Distance	< ± 5%	0 – 30.5 cm
All scanners	Axial Distance	< ± 2%	0 – 30.5 cm
	Lateral Distance	< ± 2%	0 – 30.5 cm

M-MODE MEASUREMENT ACCURACY

Measurement	System Tolerance	Range
Time	< ± 2%	minimum = 0 ms maximum = variable ¹
Distance	< ± 2%	0 – 30.5 cm
Heart Rate	< ± 2%	minimum = ≤ 1 beat maximum = variable ¹

1. Range depends on the viewing device used and the amount of M-spectrum that can fit on the device's screen.

PW MODE MEASUREMENT ACCURACY

Measurement	System Tolerance	Range
Time	< ± 2%	minimum = 0 ms
		maximum = variable ¹
Velocity	< ± 2%	0 – 308 cm/s

1. Range depends on the viewing device used and the amount of M-spectrum that can fit on the device's screen.



Inaccurate measurements or misinterpretation of results taken from an exam may lead to misdiagnosis.

Doppler Sensitivity

The following table shows the Doppler sensitivity of the Clarius Scanner HD:

DOPPLER SENSITIVITY TABLE

Scanner	Sensitivity	Depth (cm)	Flow (mL/sec)
Clarius Scanner C3 HD	Power Doppler depth sensitivity	9.1 cm	-
	Power Doppler flow sensitivity at depth	5.0 cm	0.1 ml/sec
	Color Doppler depth sensitivity	9.2 cm	
	Color Doppler flow sensitivity at depth	5.0 cm	0.1 ml/sec
	PW Doppler depth sensitivity	9.7 cm	-
	PW Doppler flow sensitivity	5.0 cm	0.1 ml/sec
Clarius Scanner C7 HD	Power Doppler depth sensitivity	7.5 cm	-
	Power Doppler flow sensitivity at depth	5.0 cm	0.1 ml/sec
	Color Doppler depth sensitivity	8.4 cm	
	Color Doppler flow sensitivity at depth	5.0 cm	0.1 ml/sec
	PW Doppler depth sensitivity	7.7 cm	-
	PW Doppler flow sensitivity	5.0 cm	0.1 ml/sec
Clarius Scanner EC7 HD	Power Doppler depth sensitivity	5.9 cm	-
	Power Doppler flow sensitivity at depth	5.0 cm	0.1 ml/sec
	Color Doppler depth sensitivity	6.5 cm	
	Color Doppler flow sensitivity at depth	5.0 cm	0.1 ml/sec
	PW Doppler depth sensitivity	7.6 cm	-
	PW Doppler flow sensitivity	5.0 cm	0.1 ml/sec
Clarius Scanner L7 HD	Power Doppler depth sensitivity	5.8 cm	-
	Power Doppler flow sensitivity at depth	5.0 cm	0.1 ml/sec
	Color Doppler depth sensitivity	6.8 cm	
	Color Doppler flow sensitivity at depth	5.0 cm	0.1 ml/sec
	PW Doppler depth sensitivity	6.5 cm	-
	PW Doppler flow sensitivity	5.0 cm	0.1 ml/sec
Clarius Scanner L15 HD	Power Doppler depth sensitivity	5.0 cm	-
	Power Doppler flow sensitivity at depth	5.0 cm	0.1 ml/sec
	Color Doppler depth sensitivity	5.0 cm	
	Color Doppler flow sensitivity at depth	5.0 cm	0.1 ml/sec
	PW Doppler depth sensitivity	6.2 cm	-
	PW Doppler flow sensitivity	5.0 cm	0.1 ml/sec
Clarius Scanner L20 HD	Power Doppler depth sensitivity	2.0 cm	-
	Power Doppler flow sensitivity at depth	2.0 cm	0.1 ml/sec
	Color Doppler depth sensitivity	1.9 cm	
	Color Doppler flow sensitivity at depth	2.0 cm	0.1 ml/sec
	PW Doppler depth sensitivity	1.9 cm	-
	PW Doppler flow sensitivity	2.0 cm	0.1 ml/sec

DOPPLER SENSITIVITY TABLE

Clarius Scanner PA HD	Power Doppler depth sensitivity	10.2 cm	-
	Power Doppler flow sensitivity at depth	5.0 cm	0.1 ml/sec
	Color Doppler depth sensitivity	9.7 cm	
	Color Doppler flow sensitivity at depth	5.0 cm	0.1 ml/sec
	PW Doppler depth sensitivity	9.4 cm	-
	PW Doppler flow sensitivity	5.0 cm	0.1 ml/sec

Voice Controls



The Voice Controls feature shall be used in a reasonably quiet clinic or medical office setting. Users can be masked or unmasked and should speak the Voice Commands clearly. Excessive noise will affect the device's ability to hear the commands correctly.

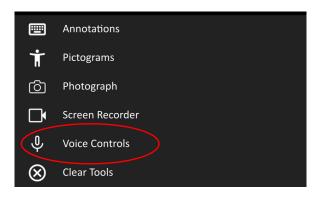
Start Voice Controls

Set your mobile device (phone or tablet) on a surface that is from 1-3 feet/ less than 1 meter away from you. If you typically have your phone or tablet further away, it is recommended to use an earbud with a mic or external microphone.

1. Click the Tool & Measurements icon:



2. Click the Voice Controls option.



3. Confirm that you see a flashing microphone icon at the top of the screen.





All Voice Controls commands shall be verified by the user. Manual commands can always be used.

Turn off Voice Controls

1. Click the Tool & Measurements icon:



2. Click the Voice Controls option.

The flashing microphone no longer appears.

Voice Command Dictionary

You can find the Voice Command dictionary at clarius.com/voice-commands.

Updating the Clarius Ultrasound Scanner

Software Updates

▼To update the software:

Go to the Apple App Store or the Google Play store.

Firmware Updates

If a Clarius Scanner HD software update is required, the Clarius App will notify you.

▼To update the firmware:

Tap **Update**.

During the updating process, do not remove the battery. If the battery level is too low, the system will decline the update.

During the update, the Clarius Scanner HD emits a purple flashing light. Also, a purple indicator displays at the top right of the screen. Once the update is complete, the Clarius Scanner HD light turns blue.

Maintenance

The scanner routinely performs automated maintenance of the scanner itself. Prior to and after use, you must clean and disinfect the Clarius Scanner HD according to the instructions in this User Manual.

Perform maintenance regularly and as needed. The system must be serviced by trained personnel only.



Failing to regularly maintain or verify the Clarius Ultrasound Scanner may lead to undetected performance errors.

Hardware Maintenance

Testing Scanners

When you turn on the system, the scanner powers up and automatically tests its internal components. The Clarius Scanner HD's LED will light up and you will hear a two-tone beep. For a list of status lights and audible notifications, see *Scanner Notifications* on page 26.

Also, the system runs a series of tests in the background. If your smart device is not connected to a wireless or cellular network, the logs are queued until you have network connectivity. For more information, go to www.clarius.com/contact and contact Clarius.

Recharging Batteries

Because the Clarius Ultrasound Scanner is battery-operated, you must recharge the battery when necessary. An empty battery takes approximately 1 ½ hours to fully charge. A full battery has approximately 45 minutes of typical scanning time and can last up to two weeks in sleep mode. Charge the battery at least once a month to ensure proper functionality.

Charge the Clarius Battery HD using only the Clarius Battery Charger HD. The charger supports various USB-dedicated adapters and USB ports; however, these products may cause the charger to fail or vary in charge time.

The battery power level is displayed on the screen. Battery warning notifications from Clarius Scanner HDs in sleep mode via BLE are displayed using the standard notification services of the smart device running the Clarius App.



Charge the battery using only the specified charger.

If you turn on the Clarius Scanner HD and leave it untouched, it will go through the following modes to help reduce temperature and battery power:

- **1.** After three seconds, it decreases frame rate.
- 2. After 30 seconds of decreased frame rate, it freezes.
- **3.** After 10 seconds in freeze mode, it goes idle.
- **4.** After 15 minutes of idle time, it shuts down.



Do not use the Clarius Battery Charger HD in air ambulances, regular ambulances, or the EMS environment in general.



- Charging the battery in a rotary-wing airborne ambulance may cause the battery charger's power supply to interfere with the aircraft's electrical system, causing a malfunction that could lead to failure of control, instrumentation, and communication systems.
- Connecting the battery charger to a power supply that is not manufactured by Clarius may have the incorrect voltage/current, which could damage the battery charger.

▼To charge the Clarius Battery HD:

- 1. Connect the line cord of the AC power adapter to an indoor electrical outlet.
- 2. Connect the AC power adapter to the receptacle on the Clarius Battery Charger HD.
- **3.** Remove the battery from the scanner by following the instructions on *Removing the Clarius Battery HD* on page 25.
- **4.** Make sure that the battery contacts are facing inward, and that the logo is facing outward.
- **5.** Attach the right hinge of the battery to the right groove of the charger slot.

Make sure the edge of the battery lines up with the edge of the charger.

6. Snap the left side of the battery into the left side of the charger slot.

This locks the battery into place.

When the battery contacts are detected, the Clarius Battery Charger HD will begin charging.

Blinking lights indicate that the batteries are charging. Solid lights indicate that the battery is fully charged.

▼To remove the Clarius Battery HD from the Clarius Battery Charger HD:

1. Press the latch located to the left of the charger slot.

This unlocks the battery.

2. Lift the left side of the battery out of the charger slot.

This loosens the battery from the charger slot.

3. Continue lifting the battery out until it is removed from the charger slot.

Storing Scanners

To protect your Clarius Scanner HD:

- Dry thoroughly before storage.
- Avoid storing in extreme temperatures.
- Avoid placing under direct sunlight for prolonged periods of time. This will not impact the Clarius Scanner HD's safety and performance but may discolor the housing's finish.
- Store separately from other equipment.
- Make sure stored batteries have at least 40% charge.



The scanner may degrade in performance or become unusable if stored or transported in ambient temperatures below-20°C (-4°F) or above 50°C (122°F).

System Maintenance

Sending Activity Logs

Select the Support menu option to go to the Support page and select the Submit Logs button. This downloads logs from the Clarius Scanner HD, then combines them with the logs from the Clarius App. This bundle is then sent to Clarius Cloud where they can be retrieved by a Clarius Support staff. The log files contain diagnostic information.

If the log files grow too large, you may want to delete them to save space on your smart device. To delete the log files, go to the Settings menu.

Accessories



To order these additional accessories, go to www.clarius.com/contact:

- Clarius Foot Pedal (CIDN 99-03-00018) or the optional foot pedal manufactured by AirTurn (AirTurn PEDpro): A foot-controlled device that lets the user freeze and capture images. The user is to follow the usage instructions provided by the third-party manufacturer for use of the optional AirTurn foot pedal with the Clarius Scanner HD.
- Clarius Fan HD (CIDN 50-02-00061)
- Clarius Rechargeable Li-ion Battery HD (CIDN 99-13-00010)
- Clarius Battery Charger HD (CIDN 99-13-00008)
- Clarius 2-in-1 Charging Station HD (CIDN 99-13-00009)

Clarius Fan HD

Attach the Clarius Fan HD to the built-in heatsink of the Clarius Scanner HD to extend scanning time.

Fans are designed differently for different scanners. Use only fans that match your scanner type.

▼To attach the Clarius Fan HD:

1. Align the top of the fan with the top of the scanner.

Make sure the fan's logo is facing towards you. The logo on the fan and the logo on the battery should align on top of each other.

2. Press the top of the fan onto the top of the scanner until the fan snaps into place.

When the scanner reaches a temperature of 35°C (95°F), the fan automatically activates.

▼To remove the Clarius Fan HD:

1. Pull on the latch located on either side of the fan.

This loosens the fan from the scanner.

2. Lift the fan off the scanner.

Clean and disinfect the Clarius Fan HD after each use. For cleaning instructions, see *Cleaning the Clarius Fan HD* on page 43. For disinfecting instructions, see *Disinfecting the Clarius Fan HD* on page 45.

Clarius 2-in-1 Charging Station HD

The Clarius 2-in-1 Charging Station HD is a separate accessory that you can purchase for your Clarius Ultrasound Scanner. The charging station combines a dock for charging your scanner, and a separate port for charging the spare battery.

An external power supply connects the Clarius 2-in-1 Charging Station HD to an AC wall outlet using a power cord.

The Clarius 2-in-1 Charging Station HD is designed for use in professional healthcare facilities. The device is not intended to come in contact with the patient during normal use. It is not to be used in emergency medical services environments including during patient transport or the home healthcare environment.

The Clarius 2-in-1 Charging Station HD is designed to be used with the following products:

- Clarius Battery HD (CIDN 99-02-00058)
- Clarius Scanner C3 HD (CIDN 99-13-00002)
- Clarius Scanner C7 HD (CIDN 99-13-00003)
- Clarius Scanner EC7 HD (CIDN 99-13-00006)
- Clarius Scanner L7 HD (CIDN 99-13-00004)
- Clarius Scanner L15 HD (CIDN 99-13-00005)
- Clarius Scanner L20 HD (CIDN 99-13-00014)
- Clarius Scanner PA HD (CIDN 99-13-00007)

Parts

The Clarius 2-in-1 Charging Station HD is made up of the following parts:

- A fully assembled Clarius 2-in-1 Charging Station HD (CIDN 99-13-00009).
- A power supply (CIDN 10-21-00014) with a cord that is compatible with your country's socket and voltage.

Clean the Clarius 2-in-1 Charging Station HD before using it. For cleaning instructions, see *Cleaning the Clarius 2-in-1 Charging Station HD* on page 43.

Technical Specifications

• Input:

• wall power supply: 100-240 VAC, 50-60 Hz, 1.0 A

• charging station: 12 VDC, 3.0 A

• Output:

• wall power supply: 12 VDC, 3.0 A

• battery section: 4.2 VDC, 3.2 A

• scanner section: 12 VDC, 1.5 A

• Protection Against Electric Shock: Class II / double insulated

• Applied Part: None

• Ingress Protection: IP00

• Mode of Operation: Continuous

System Specifications

	Operating Limits	Transportation & Storage Limits
Humidity	15% to 95% RH	0% to 95% RH
Temperature	10°C (50°F) to 40°C (113°F)	-20°C (-4°F) to 50°C (122°F)

Setting Up

▼To use the Clarius 2-in-1 Charging Station HD:

1. Clean and disinfect the scanners before placing them in the Clarius 2-in-1 Charging Station HD.

For cleaning instructions, see *Cleaning the Clarius Scanner HD* on page 42. For disinfecting instructions, see *Disinfecting the Clarius Scanner HD* on page 44.

- 2. Insert the DC power connector into the Clarius 2-in-1 Charging Station HD.
- **3.** Connect the AC power cord to the power supply.
- **4.** Insert the AC male plug into a power source.

The Clarius 2-in-1 Charging Station HD is now ready to use.



- Do not place the Clarius 2-in-1 Charging Station HD within 1.5 m (4.9 ft) of the examination table or patient bed.
- Do not touch the patient and the Clarius 2-in-1 Charging Station HD at the same time.
- If the AC power cord is damaged, contact Clarius for a replacement.

Using the Clarius 2-in-1 Charging Station HD

Charging the Scanner

▼To charge the scanner with the battery attached:

Place the scanner (with the battery attached) into the dock located at the front of the Clarius 2-in-1 Charging Station HD.

The scanner LED will indicate the charge level of the battery in the scanner:

• Red: 0 - 30%

• Orange: 30 - 65%

• Blue: 65 - 95%

• Green: 95+%

It takes approximately 1 ½ hours for an empty battery to fully charge.

The Clarius 2-in-1 Charging Station HD displays the following status lights on the left side of the charging station to indicate fault detection of the scanner in the charging station:

- Green: Scanner in place, no fault detected. The status indicator on the side of the scanner will turn on when the scanner is charging.
- Red: Fault detected in power delivery to charge the battery in the scanner.

Charging the Battery

▼To charge the spare battery:

- 1. Insert the battery into the Clarius 2-in-1 Charging Station HD by aligning the battery latch with the battery release button on the charging station.
- **2.** Align the opposite side of the battery with the battery slot, then press down until you hear a click. This locks the battery into position.

The LED on the right side of the charging station indicates the charge level of the battery:

• Red: 0 - 30%

Orange: 30 – 65%

• Blue: 65 – 95%

• Green: 95%+

It takes approximately 1 ½ hours for an empty battery to fully charge.

- **3.** Remove the battery from the Clarius 2-in-1 Charging Station HD by pressing the battery release button on the left side of the charging station. This unlocks the battery.
- **4.** Lift the left side of the battery out of the battery slot. This loosens the battery from the battery slot.
- **5.** Lift the battery out.

The LED on the right side of the Clarius 2-in-1 Charging Station HD will display multicolored blinking lights every 12 seconds when power is connected to it but no battery is detected or installed. This will confirm that the wall power supply is working properly, and that power is being provided to the Clarius 2-in-1 Charging Station HD.

Maintenance

The only maintenance required by the Clarius 2-in-1 Charging Station HD is to clean and disinfect it. For cleaning instructions, see *Cleaning the Clarius 2-in-1 Charging Station HD* on page 43. For disinfecting instructions, see *Disinfecting the Clarius 2-in-1 Charging Station HD* on page 46.

Troubleshooting

The power does not turn on:

The DC power connector may not be fully plugged into the Clarius 2-in-1 Charging Station HD. Gently wiggle it into the Clarius 2-in-1 Charging Station HD until you hear a faint click.



Do not touch the charger contacts. Only charge single Clarius Battery HD (CIDN 99-02-00058), or the Clarius Battery HD inserted in a Clarius HD scanner.

Cleaning & Disinfecting

4

It is important to clean and disinfect the Clarius Scanner HD immediately after use. This chapter will guide you through the cleaning and disinfecting process.

The classification of cleaning and disinfecting you select will depend on the type of tissue the Clarius Scanner HD comes into contact with. To find the correct classification, refer to *Spaulding Classification* on page 46.

All compatible accessories may be cleaned using CaviWipes. For a full list of accessories that are compatible with the system, visit https://clarius.com/products/accessories.

When cleaning and disinfecting:

- Follow the procedures in the order they are described in this guide, without skipping steps.
- Use only solutions approved by Clarius Mobile Health. Other solutions may be incompatible with the system and could damage the scanner.
- Follow the manufacturer's instructions, recommendations, and guidelines for cleaners and disinfectants, as well as your regional regulations.
- Check expiry dates, concentration, and efficacy of the chemicals used.
- Wear the appropriate personal protective equipment (PPE), such as eyewear and gloves, as recommended by the chemical manufacturer.



 Due to repeated use and cleaning, the cleanliness and sterility of the hardware deteriorates over its service life (five years for the scanner and fan).

- Using incompatible solutions to clean the scanner may damage its surface.
- Cleaning or disinfecting the scanner while the battery is installed may cause the battery to short-circuit and overheat, causing an electric shock or burn.
- Cleaning or disinfecting the scanner using IPA (isopropyl alcohol) may damage it.

During an emergency where the scanner is used to examine multiple patients in a short period of time, the lack of proper cleaning and disinfecting between patients may spread infections to other patients and users.

Cleaning

Cleaning the Clarius Scanner HD

Before cleaning, visually inspect the scanner to determine that it is free of any unacceptable deterioration, such as corrosion, discoloration, pitting, or cracked seals. If damage is evident, discontinue use and contact Clarius Mobile Health.

Cleaning the scanner requires that you select the proper cleaning level. Before you begin, determine the level of cleaning by referring to *Spaulding Classification* on page 46. Once you have determined the level, have the cleaning solution ready and follow the procedure below.

▼To clean the Clarius Scanner HD:

- 1. Make sure the Clarius Scanner HD is turned off.
- **2.** Remove the battery and fan from the scanner.



It is important that you clean the two pieces separately.

3. To clean the scanner, dampen a soft cloth using a compatible cleaner. Alternatively, use a premoistened disinfectant wipe. Use a swab for unreachable areas.

For a list of compatible cleaners, see *Cleaners & Disinfectants* on page 79.

- **4.** Start at the top of the scanner and wipe toward the scan head. Be sure to remove any gels or particulate matter. Dispose the cloth.
- **5.** Verify that all gel, particulate matter, and bodily fluids have been removed. Where applicable, remove sterile sheaths and covers.
- **6.** Repeat with new cleaning material if necessary.
- **7.** To clean the battery, dampen another soft cloth using a compatible cleaner or disinfectant. Alternatively, use a premoistened disinfectant wipe.

- **8.** Remove all gel, particulate matter, and bodily fluids from the battery.
- **9.** Repeat with new cleaning material if necessary.

When you are done, keep the two parts separate. You will be disinfecting them individually. For disinfecting instructions, see *Disinfecting the Clarius Scanner HD* on page 44.



To ensure proper cleaning and/or disinfection, make sure there is no particulate matter (for example, biological agents, ultrasound gel, and dirt) in the scanner's crevasses, openings, and/or cavities.

Cleaning the Clarius Fan HD

▼To clean the Clarius Fan HD:

- 1. Remove the fan from the Clarius Scanner HD.
- **2.** Wipe down all surfaces using a premoistened disinfectant wipe.

For a list of compatible cleaners, see *Cleaners & Disinfectants* on page 79.

- **3.** Repeat with new cleaning material if necessary.
- **4.** Air-dry the fan. Alternatively, use a non-linting cloth.

When you are done, keep the two components separate. You will be disinfecting them individually.

Cleaning the Clarius 2-in-1 Charging Station HD

▼To clean the Clarius 2-in-1 Charging Station HD:

- 1. Unplug the DC power connector from the Clarius 2-in-1 Charging Station HD.
- **2.** Wipe down all surfaces using a premoistened disinfectant wipe. Do not submerge the Clarius 2-in-1 Charging Station HD in any liquid.

For a list of compatible cleaners, see *Cleaners & Disinfectants* on page 79.

- **3.** Repeat with new cleaning material if necessary.
- **4.** Air-dry the Clarius 2-in-1 Charging Station HD. Alternatively, use a non-linting cloth.

Disinfecting

Disinfecting the Clarius Scanner HD

Before you begin disinfecting, make sure you have cleaned the scanner (see *Cleaning the Clarius Scanner HD* on page 42).

Disinfecting requires that you choose the proper disinfecting level. Determine the necessary disinfection level by referring to *Spaulding Classification* on page 46. Once you have determined the required disinfecting level, have the disinfectant ready and follow one of the appropriate procedures below. Note that different levels of disinfection require different steps, not just different solutions.

Intermediate Disinfection

Refer to *Cleaners & Disinfectants* on page 79 for a list of disinfectants recommended for intermediate disinfection of the scanner.

If the scanner has come into contact with broken skin, mucosal membranes, or blood, it is classified as semi-critical, and you must perform a high-level disinfection. See *High-Level Disinfection* on page 45 for steps.

1. Make sure the battery and fan are still detached from the scanner.



It is important that you disinfect the scanner and the battery individually.

- **2.** Disinfect the scanner by wiping with a cloth moistened with a compatible disinfectant. Alternatively, use a premoistened disinfectant wipe. Use a swab for unreachable areas.
- **3.** Air-dry. Alternatively, use a non-linting cloth.
- **4.** Examine the scanner for damage, such as cracks or splitting where fluid can enter. If damage is evident, do not use the scanner and contact Clarius Mobile Health.
- **5.** Disinfect the battery and the battery connector by wiping with a cloth moistened with a compatible disinfectant. Alternatively, use a premoistened disinfectant wipe.



The battery connector is delicate. Handle gently.

- **6.** Air-dry. Alternatively, towel-dry with a clean, non-linting cloth.
- **7.** Examine the battery for damage, such as cracks or splitting where fluid can enter. If damage is evident, do not use the battery and contact Clarius Mobile Health.

High-Level Disinfection

Refer to *Cleaners & Disinfectants* on page 79 for a list of disinfectants recommended for high-level disinfection of the scanner.

1. Make sure the battery and fan are still detached from the scanner.



It is important that you disinfect the pieces individually.

- **2.** Mix the disinfectant solution by following the disinfectant label instructions for solution strength and disinfectant contact duration.
- **3.** Using a compatible disinfectant at a temperature of 23°C (73°F), immerse the scanner and the battery in the disinfectant solution as per the recommendation provided within the disinfectant instructions.



If the battery has been recently used or charged, wait 30 seconds before submersing it in any liquid.



It is important that you immerse the scanner and the battery individually, detached from each other.

- **4.** Using the instructions on the disinfectant label, rinse both the scanner and the battery.
- **5.** Air-dry both pieces. Alternatively, use a non-linting cloth.
- **6.** Examine the components for damage, such as cracks or splitting where fluid can enter. If damage is evident, do not use the scanner and/or battery, and contact Clarius Mobile Health.

Disinfecting the Clarius Fan HD

Before you begin disinfecting, make sure you have cleaned the fan (see *Cleaning the Clarius Fan HD* on page 43).

Because the Clarius Fan HD cannot be submerged in liquid, never use high-level disinfectants. Always use intermediate-level disinfectants. For a list of disinfectants recommended for intermediate disinfection of the Clarius Fan HD, refer to *Cleaners & Disinfectants* on page 79.

▼To disinfect the Clarius Fan HD:

- 1. Make sure that the fan is detached from the scanner.
- **2.** Disinfect the fan by wiping with a cloth moistened with a compatible disinfectant. Alternatively, use a premoistened disinfectant wipe.

- **3.** Air-dry. Alternatively, use a non-linting cloth.
- **4.** Examine the fan for damage, such as cracks or splitting. If damage is evident, do not use the fan and contact Clarius Mobile Health.

Disinfecting the Clarius 2-in-1 Charging Station HD

Before you begin disinfecting, make sure you have cleaned the charger (see *Cleaning the Clarius 2-in-1 Charging Station HD* on page 43).

Because the Clarius 2-in-1 Charging Station HD cannot be submerged in liquid, never use high-level disinfectants. Always use intermediate-level disinfectants. For a list of disinfectants recommended for intermediate disinfection of the Clarius 2-in-1 Charging Station HD, refer to *Cleaners & Disinfectants* on page 79.

- 1. Disinfect the charger by wiping with a cloth moistened with a compatible disinfectant. Alternatively, use a premoistened disinfectant wipe.
- 2. Air-dry. Alternatively, use a non-linting cloth.
- **3.** Examine for damages, such as cracks or splits. If damage is evident, do not use the charger and contact Clarius Mobile Health.

Spaulding Classification

The level of cleaning and disinfecting required for your Clarius Scanner HD is based on the Spaulding classification system. Following the correct classification will help reduce cross-contamination and infection.

Each Spaulding classification mandates a specific level of cleaning and disinfecting of the equipment before it can be used in the next exam. Determine the Spaulding classification based on your scanner's usage.

Class	Use	Method
Non-Critical Class	Touches intact skin	Cleaning followed by intermediate disinfection
Semi-Critical Class	Touches mucous membranes and non-intact skin	Cleaning followed by high-level disinfection (HLD)

Safety

This chapter provides instructions on the product's safe usage and offers information on safety guidelines. Pay special attention to warnings and cautions, and follow them before, during, and after operating the product:

- Warnings indicate information vital to the safety of you, the operator, and the patient.
- Cautions highlight possible damages to the product that may void your warranty or service contract or lose patient or system data.

About Diagnostic Ultrasounds

Interactions with Matter

When using diagnostic ultrasound, the sound waves are directed towards an area of interest, which then interacts with any matter along its path. This interaction is determined by the characteristics of the ultrasound wave, as well as the physical properties of the matter through which the sound wave passes. Diagnostic ultrasound frequencies range from 2 MHz to 15 MHz.

Studies

Exposure-effect studies have been performed at intensity levels much higher than those in diagnostic ultrasound practice, which revealed two mechanisms known to alter biological systems:

- Thermal mechanism: Heating of soft tissue and bone.
- Non-thermal mechanism: Mechanical phenomena, such as cavitation.

These mechanisms are discussed later.

Benefits & Risks

Ultrasound is widely used because it provides many clinical benefits to the patient and has an outstanding safety record. In more than three decades of use, there has been no known long-term negative side-effects associated to this technology.

More questions of safety are being discussed because more applications are being discovered, and the industry is producing technically sophisticated scanners that provide more diagnostic information. Dialogue among the medical community, manufacturers, and the FDA has resulted in a standard that allows higher outputs for greater diagnostic capability.

Ultrasound benefits:

- Multiple diagnostic uses
- Immediate results with high-quality information
- Replacement or complimentary or used with other procedures
- Cost-effectiveness
- Portability
- Patient acceptance
- Safety record

Ultrasound risks:

The potential for adverse bioeffects caused by heating or cavitation.

"... the benefits to patients of the prudent use of diagnostic ultrasound outweigh the risks, if any, that may be present." -- AIUM

Safety Topics

Use the Clarius Ultrasound Scanner only if you have read and understood all the information in this section. Operating the system without proper safety awareness could lead to fatal or serious personal injury.

This section covers general safety information. Safety information applicable to specific tasks are noted in the procedure. The Clarius Ultrasound Scanner is intended for use by a trained medical professional, or by the direction and supervision of a licensed physician qualified to instruct its usage.

"Diagnostic ultrasound is recognized as a safe, effective, and highly flexible imaging modality capable of providing clinically relevant information about most parts of the body in a rapid and cost-effective fashion." -- WHO (World Health Organization)

Product Safety

Clarius is responsible for the safety of the scanners. The safety of your smart device is your responsibility. Always follow the safety guidelines provided with your smart device before, during, and after use.

Any serious incident that has occurred in relation to the device should be reported to the manufacturer and the competent authority of the Member State in which the user and/or patient is established.

Product Warnings



The following actions may cause fatal or other serious injury:

- Using the system without adequate training on its safe and effective operation. If you are unsure of your ability to operate the system safely and effectively, do not use it.
- Attempting to remove, modify, override, or frustrate any safety provisions on the system.
- Using the system with any product that Clarius does not recognize as compatible with the system or operate the product for unintended purposes.



- If the system and scanner appears to be malfunctioning, stop use immediately. Go to www.clarius.com/contact and contact Clarius.
- To avoid exposing you and the patient to safety hazards, if any part of the system is known or suspected to be defective or incorrectly adjusted, do not use the system until it is repaired.
- To avoid compromising the effectiveness of the system and the safety of the patient, yourself, and others, do not operate the system with patients unless you have an adequate understanding of its capabilities and functions.
- Configure your smart device in compliance with your institution's security policies. For example, notifications and alerts from third-party applications may interfere with an exam.



- Selecting an incorrect or hazardous imaging mode may deliver excessive acoustic energy to the patient during the exam.
- Heat dissipates through the heatsink and the metal portion of the scanner enclosure. Do not touch these components or apply them against the patient for longer than one minute. Hold the scanner using the black rubber handle.

Product Compatibility

The Clarius Ultrasound Scanner - HD Scanners are supplied with a battery, a battery charger, and a power supply for the charger. Components and accessories of HD models are not compatible with non-HD models and are not interchangeable. Do not use your system in combination with other products or components not made by Clarius, unless Clarius expressly recognizes those other products or components as compatible.

Changes and additions to the system can be made only by Clarius or by third parties expressly authorized by Clarius to do so. Such changes and additions must comply with all applicable laws and regulations that have the force of law within the jurisdictions concerned, and best engineering practices. System changes and additions that are made without the appropriate training or by using unapproved spare components may carry risks of system damage and personal injury.

Battery Safety



- If the battery fails to fully charge, replace it.
- Keep the battery away from heat sources. For example, do not charge the battery near a fire or heater.
- Do not discard the battery in fire.
- Do not open, crush, puncture, or short-circuit scanner.
- If the battery leaks or emits an odor, remove it from the scanner and contact Clarius Technical Support.
- If the battery emits an odor or heat, is deformed or discolored, or in any way appears abnormal during use, recharging, or storage, remove it and stop using it immediately. If you have any questions about the battery, go to www.clarius.com/contact and contact Clarius.
- If the battery is to remain unused for over a month, keep the charge level between 40% and 50% to prolong its life, and store it in temperatures between-20°C (-4°F) and 20°C (68°F).



The following actions may damage the battery:

- Returning a battery without instructions from Clarius Technical Support.
- Short-circuiting the battery by connecting the positive and negative terminals directly to metal objects.
- Using the battery in temperatures below-20°C (-4°F) or above 60°C (140°F).
- Charging the battery in temperatures below 10°C (50°F) or above 45°C (113°F).
- Forcing the battery into the system. The polarity of the battery terminals is fixed and cannot be reversed.
- Connecting the battery to an electrical power outlet.

- Charging the battery using non-Clarius equipment. Always charge the battery using the charger provided by Clarius.
- Touching battery contacts.
- Leaving the battery in direct sunlight.

Cleaning Safety

It is important to clean and maintain the ultrasound system and peripherals. Thorough cleaning is particularly important for pieces of peripheral equipment because they contain electromechanical components. If exposed to constant and excessive sunlight and humidity, the scanner will suffer in both performance and reliability.

It is your responsibility to clean and disinfect your scanner in accordance with the cleaning and disinfecting instructions in this manual. For instructions on cleaning and disinfecting the Clarius Scanner HD, refer to *Cleaning* on page 42.

Cleaners & Disinfectants



- Use only cleaners and disinfectants recommended by Clarius. Avoid acetone, Methyl ethyl ketone (MEK), paint thinner, or other strong solvents and abrasive cleaners.
- Always use protective eyewear and gloves when cleaning and disinfecting equipment.
- Disinfectants are recommended based on their chemical compatibility (not their biological effectiveness) with product materials. For the biological effectiveness of a disinfectant, see the guidelines and recommendations of the disinfectant manufacturer, the U.S. Food and Drug Administration, and the U.S. Centers for Disease Control.
- If a pre-mixed solution is used, check the expiry date.
- The level of disinfection required for a scanner is determined by the type of tissue it contacts. Ensure the disinfectant is appropriate for the scanner and its application. Also, read the disinfectant label instructions and the recommendations of the Association for Professionals in Infection Control, the U.S. Food and Drug Administration, and the U.S. Centers for Disease Control.
- Clean the scanner after each use. This is an essential step before disinfection.
- When disinfecting the scanner, ensure that the solution's strength and duration of contact are appropriate for disinfection.
- Selecting a non-recommended solution, using an incorrect solution strength, or immersing
 a scanner deeper or longer than recommended can damage the scanner and will void
 warranty.
- Follow the manufacturer's recommendations and instructions when using cleaners and disinfectants.

Minimizing the Effects of Residual Disinfectant

If you use an OPA-based disinfectant, residual solution may remain on your scanners if you do not carefully follow the manufacturer's instructions.

To minimize the effects from residual OPA, or any other disinfectant, Clarius recommends the following:

- Follow the disinfectant manufacturer's instructions very carefully.
- Limit the time that scanners are soaked in the disinfectant solution to the minimum time recommended by the disinfectant manufacturer.

Factors Affecting Disinfectant Efficacy

The following factors will affect the efficacy of a disinfectant solution:

- Number and location of microorganisms
- Innate resistance of microorganisms
- Concentration and potency of disinfectants
- Physical and chemical factors
- Organic and inorganic matter
- Duration of exposure
- Biofilms

Scanner Care

Lint, dust, and light (including sunlight) have no effect on the scanner's basic safety and essential performance.



- Avoid sharp objects, such as scissors, scalpels, or cauterizing knives, from touching the scanners.
- Avoid bumping the scanner on hard surfaces.
- Avoid surgeon's brushes when cleaning scanners. Even soft brushes can damage scanners.
- Before storing scanners, make sure they are completely dry. If it is necessary to dry the scanner lens or acoustic window, apply a soft cloth to the area, and blot rather than wipe.
- Use only liquid solutions to disinfect scanners.
- Regularly check the lens of the scanner's acoustic window for degradation, as described in *Cleaning* on page 42, to prevent degradation of image quality and abrasions to the patient's skin.



The following actions may damage your scanner:

- Cleaning or disinfecting a scanner using methods unapproved by Clarius.
- Using paper or abrasive products. They damage the soft lens of the scanner's acoustic window. If the lens is damaged to the point that the scanner elements are exposed, stop using the scanner. Go to www.clarius.com/contact and contact Clarius immediately. Exposed scanner elements may cause burns or electric shock to the patient.
- Soaking the scanner for extended periods. Use soaking time and depth recommended by the disinfectant manufacturer.

Clinical Safety

Syringe Safety

Needle Enhance Mode



- If the needle is not visible, do not perform the needle procedure.
- Verify the location of the needle tip in the image. The Clarius Scanner HD cannot visualize a needle that is out of plane.
- Thin needles can bend when entering tissue. Verify the needle's position by identifying the echoes from the needle.
- Make sure you are not using a false needle image to locate the needle. False needle images caused by reverberation or other tissue artifacts can misguide you.

Defibrillator Safety

If you are using the Clarius Ultrasound Scanner and defibrillation is required, use defibrillators that do not have grounded patient circuits. To determine whether a defibrillator patient circuit is grounded, see the defibrillator service guide, or consult a biomedical engineer.

Before defibrillation, remove any part of the system that is in contact with the patient.

Biological Safety



- Do not use a system that exhibits erratic or inconsistent image updates. This indicates a hardware failure that must be corrected before continuing use.
- Perform ultrasound procedures prudently. Use the ALARA (as low as reasonably achievable) principle. For information on ALARA, see *ALARA Principle* on page 56.
- Clean and disinfect the Clarius Ultrasound Scanner immediately after use. Do not use Clarius Ultrasound Scanners on animals. Veterinary models of the Clarius Ultrasound Scanners are available.

Latex

The Clarius Scanners do not contain natural rubber latex.

The sheaths and biopsy guides that you select to use with the Clarius Ultrasound Scanner may contain latex. Check with the manufacturer's safety information.

The following are FDA recommendations on latex awareness:

- When taking general histories of patients, include questions about latex sensitivity. For surgical and radiology patients, spina bifida patients and health care workers, this recommendation is especially important. Questions about itching, rashes, or wheezing after wearing latex gloves or inflating a toy balloon may be useful. For patients with positive histories, flag their charts.
- If latex sensitivity is suspected, consider wearing a non-latex glove over the latex glove if the patient is sensitive. If both the health professional and the patient are sensitive, a latex middle glove could be used. (Latex gloves labeled "Hypoallergenic" may not always prevent adverse reactions.)
- Whenever latex comes in contact with mucous membranes, be alert to the possibility of an allergic reaction.
- If an allergic reaction does occur and latex is suspected, advise the patient of a possible latex sensitivity, and consider an immunologic evaluation.
- Advise the patient to tell health professionals and emergency personnel about any known latex sensitivity before undergoing medical procedures. Consider advising patients with severe latex sensitivity to wear a medical identification bracelet.

Bioeffects

Thermal

Thermal bioeffects refers to heat generated whenever ultrasound energy is absorbed. The amount of heat produced depends on the ultrasound's intensity, exposure time, and the tissue's absorption characteristics.

Tissue absorbs ultrasound energy to varying degrees depending on the tissue's absorption characteristics. Absorption characteristics are quantified by the absorption coefficient:

- Fluids: Their absorption coefficient is almost zero. Fluids such as amniotic fluid, blood, and urine absorb very little ultrasonic energy. That means the ultrasound goes through the fluid with very little decrease. And there's little temperature elevation in the fluid.
- Bone: Its absorption coefficient is very high. Dense bone absorbs the energy very quickly
 and causes the temperature to rise rapidly. Adult bone absorbs nearly all acoustic energy
 impinging on it. Fetal bone absorption coefficients vary greatly depending on the degree
 of ossification.
- Soft tissue: Soft tissue varies in density depending on the organ, but the density does not vary much within an organ. We call it soft tissue to distinguish it from hard tissue such as

bone. Also, the tissue density within a particular organ is not always the same. But for our purposes, we assume that attenuation is uniform throughout the organ. We call this a homogeneous soft tissue model.

Attenuation is caused by:

• Absorption: Energy converted to heat.

• Scattering: Redirection of ultrasound.

Mechanical (Non-Thermal)

Mechanical bioeffects are threshold phenomena, such as cavitation, that occur when the output exceeds a certain level. This threshold varies by tissue type.

Cavitation is the interaction of ultrasound with gas bubbles, causing rapid and potentially large changes in bubble size. These bubbles originate within materials at locations termed nucleation sites, the exact nature and source of which are not well understood in a complex medium such as tissue or blood. The change in bubble size may increase temperature and pressure within the bubble, causing mechanical stress on surrounding tissues, precipitate fluid microjet formation, and generate free radicals. Gas-containing structures, such as lungs, are most susceptible to the effects of acoustic cavitation; however, such higher frequency ultrasounds do not provide sufficient time for significant bubble growth; therefore, cavitation is unlikely to occur under these circumstances. Factors that produce cavitation include pressure (compressional, rarefactional), frequency, focused/unfocused beam, pulsed/continuous waves, degree of standing waves, boundaries, and the nature and state of material.

Scientific evidence suggests that the onset of transient cavitation is a threshold phenomenon. There's a combination of rarefactional pressure values, ultrasonic frequency, and cavitation nuclei that are required for inertial cavitation to occur. If inertial cavitation is a threshold phenomenon, then exposure to pressure levels below the threshold will never induce such events, regardless of the length of exposure.

There are two categories of cavitation:

- Stable: Stable cavitation is associated with vibrating gas bodies. In stable cavitation, a gas body oscillates or pulsates continuously around its equilibrium size. As the oscillations become established, the liquid-like medium around the gas body begins to flow or stream; we call this microstreaming. Microstreaming has been shown to produce stress sufficient to disrupt cell membranes.
- Inertial: During inertial (transient) cavitation, pre-existing bubbles or cavitation nuclei expand because of the rarefactional pressure of the ultrasonic field and then collapse in a violent implosion. The whole process takes place in a time span on the order of microseconds. The implosion can produce huge local temperature rises that may be thousands of degrees Celsius and pressures equal to hundreds of atmospheres, all in a volume of less than $1 \, \mu m^3$. The implosion can damage cells and tissue, ultimately leading to cell death. In addition, bubble implosion can generate highly reactive chemical species. All of these effects, microstreaming, implosion, and generation of reactive chemicals, occur in a very small space around the bubble, affecting only a few cells.

Exposure of the lung can produce small, localized hemorrhages under some conditions in laboratory animals. These lesions resolve naturally and are without lasting effects in normal subjects, but their possible significance in compromised individuals has not been studied.

ALARA Principle

The guiding principle for the use of diagnostic ultrasound is defined by the ALARA (as low as reasonably achievable) principle. The threshold for diagnostic ultrasound bioeffects is undetermined, and the definition of "reasonable" is left to the judgment and insight of qualified personnel. No set of rules can be formulated that would be sufficiently complete to dictate the correct response to every circumstance. By keeping ultrasound exposure as low as reasonably achievable as you obtain diagnostic images, you can minimize ultrasonic bioeffects.

Output display indices are designed to provide more quality information, to help guide the sonographers using ultrasound technology, in applying the ALARA principle. Some variables that affect the way output display indices can be used to implement the ALARA principle:

- index values
- body size
- location of the bone relative to the focal point
- attenuation in the body
- ultrasound exposure time (an especially useful variable, as it is controlled by you)

Applying ALARA

The system's imaging mode you select depends on the information needed. Understanding the nature of the imaging mode used, the scanner frequency, system setup values, scanning techniques, exposure time, system and scanner capabilities, and operator experience allows the sonographer to apply the ALARA principle with informed judgment and meet the definition of the ALARA principle.

The amount of acoustic output is up to the system operator. This decision must be based on the following factors: type of patient, type of exam, patient history, ease or difficulty of obtaining diagnostically useful information, and the potential localized heating of the patient due to scanner surface temperatures. The objective is to limit patient exposure to the lowest index reading for the shortest amount of time achieving acceptable diagnostic results.

A high index reading does not necessarily indicate the occurrence of a bioeffect; however, it must be taken seriously. It is your responsibility to make every effort to reduce the possible effects of a high index reading by limiting exposure time.

System controls (direct, indirect, and receiver) can be used to adjust the image quality and limit the acoustic intensity and are related to the techniques that an operator could use to implement ALARA.

Using System Controls to Implement ALARA

Direct Controls

The system has no direct control for output; therefore, the sonographer must control exposure time and scanning technique to implement the ALARA principle. To ensure that acoustic and thermal limits are not exceeded for all imaging modes, the Clarius Ultrasound Scanner is designed to automatically adjust output.

The system does not exceed a spatial peak temporal average intensity (I_{SPTA}) of 720 mW/cm² for all imaging modes. The system follows the Output Display Standard (IEC 60601-2-37) and falls within the Track 3 acoustic output limits.

Indirect Controls

Controls affecting imaging mode, freeze, and depth indirectly affect output. The imaging mode determines the nature of the ultrasound beam. Because freeze stops all ultrasound output but keeps the last image displayed on screen, you can use it to limit exposure time while studying an image and maintaining scanner position during a scan. Some controls, such as depth, show a rough correspondence with output, and may be used as a general means for indirectly reducing MI or TI.

Controls indirectly affecting intensity:

- Pulse repetition frequency: The higher the PRF, the more output pulses per second, increasing the temporal-average intensity.
- Focusing depth: Setting the scanner focus at the proper depth improves the resolution of that structure, without the need to increase intensity to see it better.
- Pulse length: Generally, the longer the pulse, the greater the temporal-average intensity value, which both raises the temperature in the tissue and slightly increases the likelihood for cavitation.
- Dwell time: Scanned modes, such as B-Mode imaging, distribute the energy over a large volume. In scanned modes (equipment keeps the beam stationary), the highest temperature is frequently at the surface where the ultrasound enters the body.

Receiver Controls

The receiver controls have no output effect. The following receiver controls affect images only:

- Gain or time-gain control (TGC)
- Dynamic range
- Post-processing

User Responsibility

The various operating modes and output levels mean that more responsibility must be assumed by the users. This is a point that is very often neglected: many assume that if an instrument is "FDA cleared," then there is no risk of bioeffects. This notion is inaccurate because changing the mode of operation or manipulating controls has the potential to cause major changes in output and hence in exposure. In other words, there is a shift in responsibility for patient safety from the manufacturer to the user.

To obtain good diagnostic information, a high return signal amplitude is needed. This can be attained either by higher output, similar to talking louder, or by higher receiver gain, similar to a hearing aid with a volume control. You must attain the best diagnostic information with minimal exposure to the patient. The threshold at which ultrasound energy causes bioeffects for each individual patient is unknown, therefore, you must get the most information at the lowest possible output level by adjusting the output intensity of the equipment.

As a general guideline:

- 1. Select the correct scanner frequency and application.
- 2. Start with a low output level.
- **3.** Optimize the image by using focus, receiver gain, and other imaging controls.
- **4.** If the image is still not diagnostically useful, increase output.

Additional considerations:

- Minimize scan time by performing only medically required ones.
- Use diagnostic ultrasounds efficiently and effectively, as all other medical tools.
- Compromising the exam's quality by rushing the exam could result in a poor exam, which could require follow-up exams, which then adds exposure time.
- Select the appropriate TI and MI range for the task at hand.
- Note that output is affected by frequency, focus, pulse length, and dwell time.

Output Display

The output display provides an indication of the potential for bioeffects that might be caused by the ultrasound energy being emitted. With this information, users can better control the diagnostic ultrasound equipment and examination to ensure that needed diagnostic information is obtained with a minimum of risk to the patient.

Display Standards

The system output display consists of the following exposure indices to indicate the potential thermal and mechanical effects:

- TI: This is continuously displayed over the range of 0.0 to maximum output, based on the scanner and application, in increments of 0.1, and consists of the following indices:
 - thermal index for soft tissue (TIS)
 - thermal index for bone (TIB)
 - thermal index for cranial bone (TIC)

Keep output display indices to a minimum. Select a TI based on:

- Approximate index for the application: TIS is used for imaging soft tissue, TIB for a focus at or near bone, and TIC for imaging through bone near the surface (for example, a cranial exam).
- Mitigating factors that might create artificially high or low TI readings: Location of fluid or bone, or blood flow. For example, is there a highly attenuating tissue path so that the actual potential for local zone heating is less than the TI displays?
- Scanned modes versus unscanned modes of operation that affect the TI: For scanned modes (such as B-Mode), heating tends to be near the surface. For unscanned modes (such as M-Mode or Doppler-type modes), the potential for heating tends to be deeper in the focal zone.
- MI: This is continuously displayed over the range of 0.0 to 1.9, in increments of 0.1.

TI Display

The TI indicates any conditions that may lead to temperature increase on the surface of the body, within the body tissue, or at the point of focus of the ultrasound beam on bone. TI informs you of a potential rise in temperature of body tissue, by estimating temperature increases in those body tissue with specific properties. The actual temperature increase is influenced by factors such as tissue type, vascularity, and mode of operation. Use the TI as a guide for implementing the ALARA principle.

You can choose to display one of the following types of TI indices:

- TIS: Indicates potential for heating within soft homogeneous tissue.
- TIB: Indicates potential for heating at or near the focus after the ultrasound beam has passed through soft tissue or fluid. For example, at or near second- or third-trimester fetal bone.
- TIC: Indicates potential for heating of bone at or near the surface. For example, cranial bone.

MI Display

The higher the MI value, the greater the likelihood of mechanical bioeffects occurring. The potential for mechanical bioeffects varies by peak rarefactional pressure and ultrasound frequency. The MI accounts for these two factors. There is no specific MI value that indicates the occurrence of a mechanical effect. Use the MI as a guide for implementing the ALARA principle.

When interpreting the MI, remember that it is intended to estimate the potential for mechanical bioeffects. The higher the index reading, the greater the potential. However, neither MI = 1 nor any other level indicates that a bioeffect is actually occurring. We should not be alarmed by the reading, but we should use it to implement the ALARA principle.

Display Accuracy

The MI and TI have a precision of 0.1 unit on the system.

Estimates of the MI and TI display accuracies are shown in the Acoustic Output Tables. The following factors are considered when estimating the accuracy of the displayed values:

hardware variations

Variability among scanners and systems is a result of piezoelectric crystal efficiencies, process-related impedance differences, and sensitive lens-focusing parameter variations.

estimation algorithm accuracy

Differences in system pulser voltage control and efficiencies are also contributors to variability. There are inherent uncertainties in the algorithms used to estimate acoustic output values over the range of possible system operating conditions and pulser voltages.

· measurement variability

Inaccuracies in laboratory measurements can be caused by hydrophone calibration and performance, positioning, alignment, and digitization tolerances, and variability among test operators.

Controls Affecting Display Indices

Use system controls to change the TI and MI values.

Power Controls

Two real-time output values are on the display: TI and MI. These change as the system responds to power-control adjustments. TI and/or MI values will be displayed whenever the Index values exceeds 0.4 (dimensionless).

B-Mode Controls

• Focus:

When the focal depth is near the natural focus of the scanner, the MI may be higher.

Other Control Effects

• B-Mode Depth:

An increase in two-dimensional depth will automatically decrease the B-Mode frame rate, thereby decreasing the TI. The system may also automatically choose a deeper two-dimensional focal depth. A change of focal depth may change the MI. The MI displayed is that of the zone with the largest MI value.

• Application:

Acoustic output defaults are set when you select an application. Factory defaults vary with scanner, application, and mode. Defaults have been chosen below the FDA limits for intended use.

• Imaging Mode Controls:

When a new imaging mode is selected, both the TI and MI may change to default settings. Each mode has a corresponding pulse repetition frequency and maximum intensity point. In combined or simultaneous modes, the TI is the sum of the contribution from the modes enabled, and the displayed MI is the largest of the MI values associated with each mode and focal zone enabled. The system will return to the previously selected state if a mode is turned off and then reselected.

• Scanner:

Each scanner type has unique specifications for contact area, beam shape, and center frequency. Selecting a scanner initializes its default settings, which varies by scanner, application, and selected mode. These defaults are set below the FDA limits for intended use.

Example of reducing output:

Imagine we are getting ready to do a liver scan. The first thing we need to do is select the appropriate scanner frequency. Next, we adjust the output intensity (or power) transmit setting. We check to make sure that it is positioned at the lowest possible setting to produce an image. We adjust the focus to the area of interest and then increase the receiver gain to produce a uniform representation of the tissue. If we can obtain a good image by increasing the gain, we can lower the output and continue to increase the gain. Only after making these adjustments and if tissue penetration or echo amplitude levels are inadequate should we increase the output to the next higher level.

Acoustics

The scanner is the most important factor in image quality. Optimal imaging cannot be obtained without the correct scanner. The system is optimized for use based on your scanner selection.

The system limits patient contact temperature to 43°C (109°F), and acoustic output values to their respective U.S. Food and Drug Administration limits. A power-protection circuit protects against over-current conditions. If the power monitor protection circuit senses an over-current condition, then the drive voltage to the scanner is shut off immediately, preventing overheating of the scanner surface and limiting acoustic output. Validation of the power protection circuit is done under normal system operation.

A temperature elevation of less than 1.5° C (2.7° F) is considered harmless to human tissue (including embryo or fetus). Temperatures in excess of this may cause harm, depending on the length of time maintained. A temperature elevation of 4° C (7.2° F), maintained for five minutes or more, is considered to be potentially hazardous to a fetus or embryo.

Acoustic Artifacts

An acoustic artifact is information, present or absent in an image, which does not properly indicate the structure or flow being imaged. Examples of acoustic artifacts that hinder proper interpretation:

- Added objects displayed as speckle, section thickness, reverberation, mirror image, comet tail, or ring down.
- Missing objects due to poor resolution.
- Incorrect object brightness due to shadowing or enhancement.
- Incorrect object location due to refraction, multi-path reflections, side lobes, grating lobes, speed error, or range ambiguity.
- Incorrect object size due to poor resolution, refraction, or speed error.
- Incorrect object shape due to poor resolution, refraction, or speed error.

Acoustic Output & Measurement

The acoustic output for this system has been measured and calculated in accordance with the "Acoustic Output Measurement Standard for Diagnostic Ultrasound Equipment" (Revision 3, AIUM, NEMA, 2004), the "Standard for Real-Time Display of Thermal and Mechanical Acoustic Output Indices on Diagnostic Ultrasound Equipment" (Revision 2, AIUM, NEMA, 2004), and the September 2008 FDA document "Information for Manufacturers Seeking Marketing Clearance of Diagnostic Ultrasound Systems and Scanners."

In Situ, Derated, & Water Value Intensities

All intensity parameters are measured in water. Because water absorbs very little acoustic energy, these water measurements represent a worst-case value. Biological tissue does absorb acoustic energy. The true value of the intensity at any point depends on the amount and type

of tissue and the frequency of the ultrasound that passes through the tissue. The intensity value in the tissue, in situ, has been estimated by using the following formula:

In situ = Water [e-(0.23alf)] where:

Variable	Value
In Situ	In situ intensity value
Water	Water value intensity
е	2.7183
a	Attenuation factor
Tissue	a(dB/cm-MHz)
Amniotic Fluid	0.006
Brain	0.53
Heart	0.66
Kidney	0.79
Liver	0.43
Muscle	0.55
I	Skin line to measurement depth (cm)
f	Center frequency of the scanner/system/mode combination (MHz)

Because the ultrasonic path during an examination is likely to pass through varying lengths and types of tissue, it is difficult to estimate the true in situ intensity. An attenuation factor of 0.3 is used for general reporting purposes. Therefore, the in situ value which is commonly reported uses the formula:

In situ derated = Water [e-(0.069lf)]

Because this value is not the true in situ intensity, the term "derated" is used.

Mathematical derating of water-based measurements using the 0.3 dB/cm MHz coefficient may yield lower acoustic exposure values than would be measured in a homogenous 0.3 dB/cm MHz tissue. This is true because nonlinearly propagating acoustic energy waveforms experience more distortion, saturation, and absorption in water than in tissue, where attenuation present all along the tissue path will dampen the buildup of nonlinear effects.

The maximum derated and the maximum water values do not always occur at the same operating conditions. Therefore, the reported maximum water and derated values may not be related by the in situ (derated) formula. For example: A multi-zone array scanner that has maximum water value intensities in its deepest zone may have its largest derated intensity in one of its shallowest focal zones.

Conclusions Regarding Tissue Models & Equipment Survey

Tissue models are necessary to estimate attenuation and acoustic exposure levels in situ from measurements of acoustic output made in water. Presently, available models may be limited in their accuracy because of varying tissue paths during diagnostic ultrasound exposures and uncertainties in acoustical properties of soft tissues. No single tissue model is adequate for predicting exposures in all situations from measurements made in water, and continued improvement and verification of these models is necessary for making exposure assessments for specific applications.

A homogeneous tissue model with an attenuation coefficient of 0.3 dB/cm MHz throughout the beam path is commonly used when estimating exposure levels. The model is conservative in that it overestimates the in situ acoustic exposure when the path between the scanner and the site of interest is composed entirely of soft tissue, because the attenuation coefficient of soft tissue is generally higher than 0.3 dB/cm MHz. When the path contains significant amounts of fluid, as in many first- and second-trimester pregnancies scanned transabdominally, this model may underestimate the in situ acoustical exposure. The amount of underestimation depends on each specific situation. For example, when the beam path is longer than 3 cm and the propagation medium is predominantly fluid (conditions that may exist during transabdominal OB scans), a more accurate value for the derating term is 0.1 dB/cm MHz.

Fixed-path tissue models, in which soft tissue thickness is held constant, sometimes are used to estimate in situ acoustical exposures when the beam path is longer than 3 cm and consists largely of fluid. When this model is used to estimate maximum exposure to the fetus during transabdominal scans, a value of 1 dB/cm MHz may be used during all trimesters.

The maximum acoustic output levels of diagnostic ultrasound scanners extend over a broad range of values:

- A survey of 1990-equipment models yielded MI values between 0.1 and 1 at their highest output settings. Maximum MI values of approximately 2 are known to occur for currently available equipment. Maximum MI values are similar for real-time B-Mode, M-mode, and PW Doppler.
- Computed estimates of upper limits to temperature elevations during transabdominal scans were obtained in a survey of 1988 and 1990 Doppler equipment. The vast majority of models yielded upper limits less than 1°C and 4°C (1.8°F and 7.2°F) for exposures of first-trimester fetal tissue and second-trimester fetal bone, respectively. The largest values obtained were approximately 1.5°C (2.7°F) for first-trimester fetal tissue and 7°C (12.6°F) for second-trimester fetal bone. Estimated maximum temperature elevations given here are for a "fixed-path" tissue model and are for scanners having I_{spta} (derated) values greater than 500 mW/cm². The temperature elevations for fetal bone and tissue were computed based on calculation procedures given in Sections 4.3.2.1 through 4.3.2.6 in "Bioeffects and Safety of Diagnostic Ultrasound" (AIUM Report, January 28, 1993).

Acoustic Measurement Precision & Uncertainty

All table entries have been obtained at the same operating conditions that give rise to the maximum index value in the first column of the tables. Measurement precision and

uncertainty for power, pressure, intensity, and center frequency are listed in the following tables.



Measurement precision on the following quantities is determined by making repeated measurements and stating the standard deviation as a percentage.

ACOUSTIC MEASUREMENT PRECISION

Quantity	Precision (Percentage Standard Deviation)
Pr is the underated peak rarefactional pressure measured in megapascals (MPa)	Pr: 5.4%
Wo is the ultrasonic power in milliwatts (mW)	6.2%
f _c is the center frequency in megahertz (MHz) (NEMA UD-2 definition)	<1%
PII.3 is the derated spatial-peak pulse intensity integral in joules per square centimeter (J/cm²)	PII.3: 3.2%

ACOUSTIC MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

	Measurement Uncertainty (Percentage, 95% Confidence Value)
Pr is the underated peak rarefactional pressure measured in megapascals (MPa)	Pr: ±11.3%
Wo is the ultrasonic power in milliwatts (mW)	±10%

Fire & Electrical Safety

Fire Safety

Always have fire extinguishers available for both electrical and non-electrical fires.

In the event of an electrical or chemical fire, use only extinguishers that are specifically labeled for such purposes. Using water or other liquids can cause fatal or other serious personal injury. To reduce the risk of electrical shock, try isolating the product, if safe to do so.

Using electrical products in an environment for which they were not designed to be used can lead to fire or explosion. Apply, observe, and enforce appropriate fire regulations for the type of medical area being used.

Electrical Safety



- To reduce electrical shock hazards, inspect the scanner face and housing before use. Discontinue use if the housing is damaged, or if the face is cracked, chipped, or torn.
- All patient-contact scanners not specifically indicated as defibrillation-proof must be removed from the patient before applying high-voltage defibrillation pulse.
- High-frequency electrical signals from an ultrasound can interfere with pacemaker operation. Be alert to this unlikely but potential hazard and stop using the system if you notice it is interfering with a pacemaker.
- Connecting accessories not supplied or approved by Clarius could result in electrical shock.
- Electrosurgical units (ESUs) and other scanners intentionally introduce RF electromagnetic fields (currents) into patients. Because imaging ultrasound frequencies are within the RF range, ultrasound scanner circuits are susceptible to RF interference.
- A burn hazard may result from a surgical equipment with a defect in the high-frequency surgical neutral electrode connection. Do not use scanners with high-frequency surgical equipment.
- Using accessories other than those specified for use with the Clarius Ultrasound Scanner may result in increased emissions of the system.

Electromagnetic Safety

The Clarius Scanner HD uses wireless technology to communicate with your smart device. Wireless communication can be affected by severe weather conditions and radio frequency interference. Such environments will not cause the safety of the Clarius Ultrasound Scanner to deteriorate, but the captured image may show signs of unwanted noise and/or artifacts. The technology used in the Clarius Ultrasound Scanner is designed to minimize these affects but may not eliminate them entirely.

Electromagnetic Compatibility

The Clarius Ultrasound Scanner has been manufactured with existing electromagnetic compatibility requirements and have been tested and found to comply with electromagnetic compatibility standards to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a typical medical installation.

Use of this system in the presence of an electromagnetic field can cause momentarily degraded image quality. If this occurs frequently, review the environment surrounding the system and identify possible sources of radiated emissions. These emissions could be caused by other electrical equipment from:

- The same or adjacent room.
- Portable or mobile RF communications equipment (such as cellular phones and pagers).
- Radio, TV, or microwave transmission equipment located nearby.

The scanner's built-in radio operates in the 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz bands, and supports:

- Bluetooth 4.1 as well as CSA2.
- IEEE Std 802.11a, 802.11b/g, and IEEE Std 802.11n data rates with 20 MHz or 40 MHz SISO and 20 MHz MIMO.



Caution:

- Using components and accessories not recommended by Clarius may result in increased emissions or decreased immunity of the system. Use only accessories and peripherals recommended by Clarius.
- EMC precautions for medical equipment must be followed according to the EMC information provided in that system's accompanying documents.
- The Clarius Ultrasound Scanner's AC power supply cable is limited to 1.5 m (4.9 feet).

Electrostatic Discharge Precautions

Electrostatic discharge (ESD), or static shock, results from the flow of an electrical charge from a person or object of a higher charge to that of a lower charge. ESD is most prevalent in low-humidity environments, often caused by heating or air-conditioning.



To reduce ESD:

- Use anti-static spray on carpets, linoleum, and mats. Or use a ground wire connection between the system and the patient table or bed.
- Do not touch the connector pins on the battery.

Electromagnetic Emissions

Ensure that the Clarius Ultrasound Scanner is used only in those operating environments indicated in the following table. Operating the system in an environment that does not meet these conditions may degrade system performance.

DECLARATION OF ELECTROMAGNETIC EMISSIONS

Emissions Test	Compliance	Electromagnetic Environment
RF emissions, CISPR 11	Group 1	The system uses RF energy only for its internal function. Therefore, its RF emissions are very low and are not likely to cause any interference in nearby electronic equipment.
RF emissions, CISPR 11	Class A	The system is suitable for use in all establishments,
Harmonic emissions, IEC 61000-3-2	Class A	except domestic establishments and those directly connected to the public low-voltage power supply network
Voltage fluctuations/flicker emissions, IEC 61000-3-3	Complies	that supplies buildings used for domestic purposes.

Electromagnetic Immunity

Immunity Test	IEC 60601-1-2 Test Level	Compliance Level
ESD @ battery mode transmitting and charge mode* EN/IEC 61000-4-2	+/-2kV, +/-4kV, +/-8kV contact +/-2kV, +/-4kV, +/-8kV, +/-15kV Air	+/-2kV, +/-4kV, +/-8kV contact +/-2kV, +/-4kV, +/-8kV, +/-15kV Air
Radiated, radio frequency electromagnetic field immunity - battery mode transmitting and charge mode (1 kHz 80% AM for ETSI 301 489-1 and -17 @ battery only, 2 Hz modulation for IEC 60601-1-2)* EN/IEC 61000-4-3	3 V/M 2 Hz modulation	3 V/M 2 Hz modulation
Electrical fast transient @ charge mode IEC 61000-4-4	+/-0.5kV, +/-1.0kV	+/-0.5kV, +/-1.0kV
Immunity to surge @ charge mode IEC 61000-4-5	0.5kV, 1.0kV, 2.0kV common mode 0.5kV, 1.0kV differential mode	0.5kV, 1.0kV, 2.0kV common mode 0.5kV, 1.0kV differential mode
Conducted radio frequency electromagnetic immunity test @ charge mode (2 Hz modulation) IEC 61000-4-6	3 VRMS-6VRMS in ISM bands 2 Hz modulation	3 VRMS-6VRMS in ISM bands 2 Hz modulation
Power frequency magnetic field immunity test @ battery and charge mode IEC 61000-4-8	30A/M	30A/M
Voltage dips/ interruptions @ charge mode IEC 61000-4-11	0% for 0.5 cycle @ 0°, 45°, 90°, 135°, 180°, 225°, 270°, 315°	0% for 0.5 cycle @ 0°, 45°, 90°, 135°, 180°, 225°, 270°, 315°
	0% for 1 cycle @ 0°	0% for 1 cycle @ 0°
	70% for 25/30 cycles (50/60 Hz) @ 0° 0% for 250/300 cycles @ 0°	70% for 25/30 cycles (50/60 Hz) @ 0° 0% for 250/300 cycles @ 0°

^{*}For ETSI 301 489-1 and ETSI 301 489-17: Tested in transmit mode only, no idle mode exists for this product.

Electromagnetic Interference

The way an electromagnetic interference (EMI) from other equipment affects the Clarius Ultrasound Scanner depends on the system's operation mode, image control settings, and the type and level of electromagnetic phenomena. Electromagnetic phenomena may be intermittent, making it difficult to identify the source.



If you experience EMI, use caution if you continue using the system, or consider relocating your system.

The following table describes typical interferences seen in imaging systems. It is impossible to describe all manifestations of interference because it depends on many parameters of the transmitting equipment, for example, the type of modulation used by the signal carrier, the

source type, and the transmitted level. It is also possible for the interference to degrade the imaging system's performance and become invisible on the image. If the diagnostic results are suspicious, confirm the diagnosis using other methods.

Imaging Mode	ESD ¹	RF ²	Power Line ³
B-Mode	Change of operating mode, system settings, or system reset. Brief flashes in the displayed or recorded image.	For sector imaging scanners, white radial bands or flashes in the center lines of the image. For linear imaging scanners, white vertical bands, sometimes more pronounced on the sides of the image.	White dots, dashes, or diagonal lines near the center of the image.

- 1. Electrostatic discharge caused by discharging of electric charge buildup on insulated surfaces or persons.
- 2. Radio frequency energy from RF transmitting equipment such as portable phones, hand-held radios, wireless devices, commercial radio and TV stations, and so on.
- 3. Conducted interference on power lines or connected cables caused by other equipment, such as switching power supplies, electrical controls, and natural phenomena such as lightning.

Separation Distance

Recommended Separation Distance

The following table shows recommended separation distances for the system to be kept away from any RF-transmitting equipment. To reduce the risk of interference, when using portable and mobile RF communications equipment, follow the recommended separation distance (calculated from the equation applicable to the frequency of the transmitter). Ensure that field strengths from fixed RF transmitters, as determined by an electromagnetic site survey, are less than the compliance level in each frequency range as noted in the table.

Field strength is difficult to predict theoretically with accuracy if they come from fixed transmitters, such as base stations for radio (cellular/cordless) telephones and land mobile radios, amateur radio, AM and FM radio broadcast, and TV broadcast. To assess the electromagnetic environment from fixed RF transmitters, consider conducting an electromagnetic site survey. If the measured field strength in the location in which the system is used exceeds the applicable RF compliance level in the table, observe the system to verify normal operation. If abnormal performance is observed, apply additional measures, such as reorienting or relocating the system.



At 80 MHz and 800 MHz, the higher frequency range applies.

The recommended separation distance guidelines in the following table may not apply to all situations. Electromagnetic propagation is affected by absorption and reflection from structures, objects, and people.

The table here provides guidance on conducted and radiated interference from portable and fixed RF transmitting equipment.

RECOMMENDED SEPARATION DISTANCES BY TRANSMITTER FREQUENCY

Rated Maximum Output Power of Transmitter (Watts)	150 kHz to 80 MHz	80 to 800 MHz	800 MHz to 2.5 GHz
0.01	0.35 m (13.8 in)	0.12 m (4.7 in)	0.23 m (9.1 in)
0.1	1.1 m (3.6 ft)	0.38 m (15 in)	0.73 m (28.7 in)
1	3.5 m (11.5 ft)	1.2 m (3.9 ft)	2.3 m (7.5 ft)
10	11 m (36.1 ft)	3.8 m (12.5 ft)	7.3 m (24 ft)
100	35 m (114.8 ft)	12 m (39.4 ft)	23 m (75.5 ft)

For example, if a portable transmitter has a maximum radiated power of 1 W and an operating frequency of 156 MHz, it can be operated at distances greater than 1.2 m (3.9 ft) from the system. Similarly, a 0.01 W Bluetooth wireless LAN smart device operating at 2.4 GHz should be placed no closer than 0.24 m (9.5 in) from any part of the system.

Avoiding Electromagnetic Interference

An ultrasound system is designed to receive signals at radio frequencies, making them susceptible to interference generated by RF energy sources. Other examples of interference are medical equipment, information technology products, and radio and television transmission towers.

To locate the source, investigate whether the problem resides with the system or the scanning environment:

- Is the interference intermittent or constant?
- Does the interference show up only with one scanner or with several scanners?
- Do two different scanners operating at the same frequency have the same problem?
- Is the interference present if the system is moved to a different location in the facility?
- Can the EMC coupling path be attenuated? For example, placement of a scanner or printer
 close to an ECG cable can increase electromagnetic interference. Moving the cable or
 other medical equipment away from the location of the scanner or printer can result in
 reduced electromagnetic interference.

If you find the interference's source, go to www.clarius.com/contact and contact Clarius.

References



Compliance Statement

Clarius products comply with international and national standards and laws. Users are responsible for ensuring that the chosen smart device and scanner are compliant with the law in the jurisdiction where the product is used. Clarius meets all regulatory standards listed in this chapter.

The Clarius Ultrasound Scanner

Product Classification

Classification:

- Device with scanners (internally powered ME equipment):
 - Health Canada: Class III
 - US FDA: Class II
 - EU: Class IIa
- Scanners: Type BF applied parts, IP67
- Battery: IP67
- Charger HD: IP00
- Ordinary Equipment/Continuous Operation
- Non-AP/APG

Note:

- Compliance assessment of Clarius Ultrasound Scanner HD has been conducted by a Notified Body. The device is CE-marked followed by the 4-digit identification number (NB xxxx).
- Clarius Fan HD, Clarius Battery Charger HD, Clarius 2-in-1 Charging Station HD, and Clarius Battery HD (accessories of Clarius Ultrasound Scanner HD) are self-certified medical devices and do not require the oversight of a Notified Body. The devices are CE-marked without the NB xxxx.

Product Serial Number

Clarius has assigned a unique serial number on each scanner to track quality control.

Clarius Scanner HDs uses the format NNNHDXXYYMMAZZZZ. We will use the serial number L7HD011812A0004 as an example to explain how to interpret this.

NNN

Scanner type. In our example, this is "L7".

HD

Scanner model. This is always "HD" and does not change.

XX

Two-digit assembly revision number. In our example, this is "01".

ΥY

Two-digit year of manufacture. In our example, this is "18" meaning the year 2018.

MM

Two-digit month of manufacture. In our example, this is "12" meaning the month of December.

Α

Alphabetical counter, from A to Z. In our example, this is "A".

ZZZZ

Four-digit numerical counter. In our example, this is "0004" meaning the fourth scanner manufactured in this series.

System Specifications

The Clarius Ultrasound Scanner conforms to the following specifications:

• Gray shades: 256 in B-Mode

• Scan lines: Up to 1,024 scan lines

 Pressure, humidity, and temperature limits: These limits apply only to the Clarius Scanner HD, not to the smart device. It is your responsibility to select a Clarius-compatible smart device that meets the needs of your clinical environment.

SCANNERS C3 HD, C7 HD, EC7 HD, L7 HD, L15 HD, L20 HD, PA HD, & CLARIUS FAN HD

	Operating Limits	Storage Limits	Transient Operating Conditions ¹	
Pressure	620 hPa to 1060 hPa	n/a	n/a	
Humidity	15% to 95%	0% to 95%	15% to 95%.	
Temperature	0°C (32°F) to 40°C (104°F)	-20°C (-4°F) to 50°C (122°F)	-20°C (-4°F) to 35°C (95°F)	

1. The conditions under which the scanner can operate, for at least 20 minutes, immediately after being removed from an environment of 20°C (60°F).

To reach an operating temperature of 20°C (68°F), the Clarius Scanner HD requires approximately 30 minutes to:

- Warm up from a storage temperature of -20°C (-4°F).
- Cool down from a storage temperature of 50°C (122°F).

Maximum scanner surface temperatures are:

- C3 HD = 35.5°C (95.9°F)
- C7 HD = 35.5°C (95.9°F)
- EC7 HD = 35.5°C (95.9°F)
- L7 HD = 39.4°C (102.92°F)
- L15 HD = 39.4°C (102.92°F)
- L20 HD = 39.4°C (102.92°F)
- PA HD = 39.4°C (102.92°F)

If the scanner reaches its maximum surface temperature, it automatically shuts down.

To limit surface heating in the event of a single fault condition, the EC7 HD scanners automatically shut down.



This icon, when blue, indicates that the scanner is cool. When this icon is red, it indicates that the scanner is warm.

For information on storage temperatures see *Storing Scanners* on page 34.

Scanner Specifications

Scanner	Clinical Usage	Size	Frequency Range
Clarius Scanner C3 HD	fetal, abdominal, intra-operative, pediatric, cephalic (adult), musculo-skeletal (conventional), urology, gynecology, cardiac (adult, pediatric), peripheral vessel	45 mm	2 – 6 MHz
Clarius Scanner C7 HD	fetal, abdominal, intra-operative, pediatric, small organ (thyroid, prostate, scrotum, breast), musculo-skeletal (conventional), urology, gynecology, cardiac (adult, pediatric), peripheral vessel	20 mm	3 – 10 MHz
Clarius Scanner EC7 HD	fetal, abdominal, small organ, trans-rectal, trans-vaginal, gynecology, urology	10 mm	3 – 10 MHz
Clarius Scanner L7 HD	ophthalmic, abdominal, intra-operative, pediatric, small organ (thyroid, prostate, scrotum, breast), musculo-skeletal (conventional, superficial), peripheral vessel, carotid	n/a	4 – 13 MHz
Clarius Scanner L15 HD	ophthalmic, abdominal, intra-operative, pediatric, small organ (thyroid, prostate, scrotum, breast), musculo-skeletal (conventional, superficial), peripheral vessel, carotid		5 – 15 MHz
Clarius Scanner L20 HD	ophthalmic, intra-operative, pediatric, small organ (thyroid, prostate, scrotum, breast), musculo-skeletal (conventional, superficial), peripheral vessel, carotid	n/a	8 – 20 MHz
Clarius Scanner PA HD	fetal, abdominal, intra-operative, pediatric, cephalic (neonatal, adult), cardiac (adult, pediatric)	n/a	1 – 5 MHz

Standards

Chemical

REACH 02006R1907-20181017 - REGULATION (EC) No 1907/2006 OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL of 18 December 2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorization and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH), establishing a European Chemicals Agency



The Clarius Ultrasound Scanner meets the minimum requirements for compliance with the European Union's Restriction of Hazardous Substances (RoHS) Directive 2011/65/EU and its amendments.

Electrical Safety

Reference No.	Year	Title
IEC 61157	2013	Standard means for the reporting of the acoustic output of medical diagnostic ultrasonic equipment
IEC 62133	2012	Secondary cells and batteries containing alkaline or other non-acid electrolyte - Safety requirements for portable sealed secondary cells, and for batteries made from them, for use in portable applications
ST/SG/AC.10/11/Rev.5	2009 UN38.3	Transport of Dangerous Goods.

Labeling

ISO 60417:2014 - Graphical symbols for use on equipment. See the Symbols Glossary in this User Manual.

Quality

Performance

Reference No.	Year	Title
AIUM/NEMA UD 2-2004	2009	NEMA Standards Publication UD 2-2004 (R2009) Acoustic Output Measurement Standard For Diagnostic Ultrasound Equipment, Revision 3. (Radiology)
AIUM/NEMA UD 3-2004	2009	NEMA Standards Publication UD 3-2004 (R2009) Standard for Real-Time Display of Thermal and Mechanical Acoustic Output Indices on Diagnostic Ultrasound Equipment
ANSI/AAMI ES60601-1	2005/(R)2012 A1:2012 C1:2009(R)2012 A2:2010(R)2012	Medical electrical equipment-Part 1: General requirements for basic safety and essential performance (IEC 60601-1:2005, MOD)
ANSI/AAMI/IEC 62304	2006 A1:2015	Medical device software – Software life cycle processes.
CAN/CSA-C22.2 No. 60601-1-6:11	2011	Medical electrical equipment - Part 1-6: General requirements for basic safety and essential performance - Collateral standard: Usability (Adopted IEC 60601-1-6:2010, third edition, 2010-01)

Reference No.	Year	Title		
CAN/CSA-C22.2 No. 60601-1:14	2014	Medical electrical equipment - Part 1: General requirements for basic safety and essential performance (Adopted IEC 60601-1:2005, third edition, 2005-12, including amendment 1:2012, with Canadian deviations)		
IEC 60601-1	2012	Medical electrical equipment - Part 1: General requirements for basic safety and essential performance		
IEC 60601-1-2	2014	Medical electrical equipment - Part 1-2: General requirements for basic safety and essential performance - Collateral Standard: Electromagnetic Capability - Requirements and tests		
IEC 60601-1-6	2013	Medical electrical equipment - Part 1-6: General requirements for basic safety and essential performance - Collateral Standard: Usability		
IEC 60601-1-12	2014	Medical electrical equipment - Part 1-12: Requirements for Medical Electrical Equipment and Medical Electrical Systems Intended For Use in the Emergency Medical Services Environment		
IEC 60601-2-37+ AMD1	2015	Medical electrical equipment - Part 2-37: Particular requirements for the basic safety and essential performance of ultrasonic medical diagnostic and monitoring equipment		

Risk, Product Specification, Design Review, & Verification/Validation

Reference No.	Year	Title
21 CFR 11	2014	Part 11 Electronics Records and Electronic Signatures
21 CFR 801	2014	Part 801 Labeling
21 CFR 820	2014	Part 820 Quality System Regulation
21 CFR 821	2014	Part 821 Medical Device Tracking Requirements
21 CFR 822	2014	Part 822 Postmarket Surveillance
21 CFR 830	2014	Part 830 Unique Device Identification
CMDR	2011	Canadian Medical Devices Regulations (CMDR):
		 Safety and Effectiveness Requirements (Sections 10-20)
		Labeling Requirements (Sections 21-23)
EN ISO 13485 ISO 13485	2016 2016	Medical Devices - Quality Management Systems - Requirements for Regulatory Purposes
EN ISO 14971 ISO 14971	2019 2019	Medical Devices - Application of Risk Management to Medical Devices
Health Canada's MDR		Medical Devices Regulations SOR98-282
IEC 60529	2013	Degrees of protection provided by enclosures (IP Code)
IEC 62304	2006 A1:2015	Medical device software - Software life cycle processes

Reference No.	Year	Title
IEC 62366	2014	Medical devices - Application of usability engineering to medical devices
IEC/TR 80002-3	2014	Medical device software - Part 3: Process reference model of medical device software life cycle processes
ISO 10993-1	2009	Biological evaluation of medical devices - Part 1: Evaluation and testing within a risk management process
ISO 15223-1	2016	Medical devices - Symbols to be used with medical device labels, labeling and information to be supplied
ISO 20417	2021	Information supplied by the manufacturer of medical devices
MDD	1993	Medical Device Directive 93/42/EEC ANNEX II
EU MDR	2017	European Medical Device Regulation 2017/745

Security & Privacy

IEC TR 80002-3:2014 - Medical device software - Part 3: Process reference model of medical device software life cycle processes.

Wireless

U.S.

• FCC 47CFR PT 15.247

Europe

- ETSI EN 300 328:V2.1.1: (2016-11)- Electromagnetic compatibility and Radio spectrum Matters (ERM)
- ETSI EN 301 489-1:V2.2.0: (2017-03)- Electromagnetic compatibility and Radio spectrum Matters (ERM)
- ETSI EN 301 489-17:V3.1.1: (2017-02)- Electromagnetic compatibility and Radio spectrum Matters (ERM)

Cleaners & Disinfectants

Cleaner & Disinfectant Usage

The following table lists the cleaners and disinfectants compatible with your Clarius Ultrasound Scanner and accessories. The products listed in the following table are chemically compatible and have been tested for efficacy.

Product	Qualified Use ¹	Clarius Scanner HD	Clarius Fan HD	Clarius Battery HD	Clarius Battery Charger HD	Clarius 2-in-1 Charging Station HD
Accel® PREVention™ Wipes	LLD, ILD	✓	✓	✓	√	✓
CaviWipes	LLD, ILD	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
CIDEX® OPA	HLD	✓		✓		
McKesson OPA/ 28 High-Level Disinfectant Solution	HLD	√		✓		
MetriCide™ OPA Plus High-Level Disinfectant Solution	HLD	✓		√		
Sani-Cloth® AF3 Germicidal Disposable Wipe	LLD, ILD	✓	√		✓	√
Sani-Cloth® Plus Germicidal Disposable Cloth	LLD, ILD	✓	✓	✓	✓	√
Tristel Trio Wipes System	HLD ²	✓	✓	√		

- 1. CL = Cleaner, HLD = High-level disinfectant, ILD = Intermediate-level disinfectant, LLD = Low-level disinfectant, S = Sterilant
- 2. EU only.

You may also use products not specifically listed in the compatibility table but with similar active ingredients, as indicated in this list, and marketed for medical use.

Because of the large number of available cleaners and disinfectants, it is impossible to have an all-inclusive list. If you are unsure of the suitability of a particular product, go to www.clarius.com/contact and contact Clarius for more information.

Cleaner & Disinfectant Details

Solution	Origin ¹	Usage	Active Ingredients
Accel® PREVention™ Wipes	CA	Wipe	Hydrogen Peroxide
CaviWipes	US	Wipe	Alcohol, Quaternary Ammonia
CIDEX® OPA	US	Soak	Ortho-phthalaldehyde
McKesson OPA/28 High-Level Disinfectant Solution	US	Soak	Ortho-phthalaldehyde
MetriCide™ OPA Plus High-Level Disinfectant Solution	US	Soak	Ortho-phthalaldehyde
Sani-Cloth® AF3 Germicidal Disposable Wipe	US	Wipe	n-Alkyl (68% C12, 32% C14) dimethyl ethylbenzyl ammonium chlorides 0.14%
			n-Alkyl (60% C14, 30% C16, 5% C12, 5% C18) dimethyl benzyl ammonium chlorides 0.14%
Sani-Cloth® Plus Germicidal Disposable Cloth	US	Wipe	Alcohol, Quaternary Ammonia
Tristel Trio Wipes System	UK	Pre-clean wipe, Sporicidal wipe, Rinse wipe	Enzymes, Chlorine Dioxide

^{1.} AU = Australia, CA = Canada, US = United States, UK = United Kingdom

Glossary of Terms

For ultrasound terms, refer to Recommended Ultrasound Terminology, Third Edition, published by AIUM.

Known Issues

For a list of currently known issues with the Clarius Ultrasound Scanner, see https://support.clarius.com/hc/en-us/articles/360019807731.

Acoustic Output Tables

Clarius Scanner C3 HD: B-Mode

Index Label			MI	Т	IS	Т	IB	TIC
				At Surface	Below Surface	At Surface	Below Surface	
Maximum Index Val	ue		0.682	0.1	190	0.3	306	(a)
Index Component V	alue			0.190	0.190	0.306	0.190	
Acoustic	p _{r,a} at z _{MI}	(MPa)	1.28					
Parameters	Р	(mW)		21	1.9	2	1.9	#
	P _{1x1}	(mW)		11	1.4	1′	1.4	
	Z _S	(cm)			2.70			
	z _b	(cm)					2.70	
	Z _{MI}	(cm)	2.70					
	Z _{pii,a}	(cm)	2.70					
	f _{awf}	(MHz)	3.51	3.	51	3.	51	#
Other Information	prr	(Hz)	6144					
	srr	(Hz)	32.0					
	n _{pps}		2					
	I _{pa,a} at Z _{pii,a}	(W/cm ²)	82.9					
	I _{spta,a} at Z _{pii,a} or Z _{sii,a}	(mW/cm ²)	5.19					
	I _{spta,a} at Z _{pii} or Z _{sii}	(mW/cm ²)	9.98					
	p _r at Z _{pii}	(MPa)	1.77					
Operating Control	Control 1		>	~	~	~	~	
Conditions	Control 2							
	Control 3							
	Control 4							
	Control 5							
	Control 6							
	Control 7							

⁽a) This scanner is not intended for transcranial or neonatal cephalic use.

Control 1: Exam Type: Abdomen; Depth: 3.9 cm; Mode: B

[#] Not reported for this operating condition; the maximum index value is not reported for the reasons shown in the Maximum Index Value fields.

Clarius Scanner C3 HD: Color Doppler Mode

Index Label			MI	Т	IS	Т	IB	TIC
				At Surface	Below Surface	At Surface	Below Surface	
Maximum Index Val	ue		1.04	0.4	109	0.6	669	(a)
Index Component V	alue			0.409	0.409	0.669	0.409	
Acoustic	p _{r,a} at z _{MI}	(MPa)	1.94					
Parameters	Р	(mW)		47	7.7	47	7.7	#
	P _{1x1}	(mW)		24	1.9	24	1.9	
	Z _S	(cm)			2.70			
	z _b	(cm)					2.70	
	Z _{MI}	(cm)	2.70					
	Z _{pii,a}	(cm)	2.70					
	f _{awf}	(MHz)	3.46	3.46 3.46		#		
Other Information	prr	(Hz)	2560					
	srr	(Hz)	32.0					
	n _{pps}		10					
	I _{pa,a} at Z _{pii,a}	(W/cm ²)	167					
	I _{spta,a} at Z _{pii,a} or Z _{sii,a}	(mW/cm ²)	18.2					
	I _{spta,a} at Z _{pii} or Z _{sii}	(mW/cm ²)	34.6					
	p _r at Z _{pii}	(MPa)	2.68					
Operating Control	Control 1		~	~	~	~	~	
Conditions	Control 2							
	Control 3							
	Control 4							
	Control 5							
	Control 6							
	Control 7							

⁽a) This scanner is not intended for transcranial or neonatal cephalic use.

Control 1: Exam Type: Cardiac; Depth: 5.2 cm; Mode: CD

[#] Not reported for this operating condition; the maximum index value is not reported for the reasons shown in the Maximum Index Value fields.

Clarius Scanner C3 HD: M-Mode

Index Label			MI	T	IS	Т	IB	TIC
				At Surface	Below Surface	At Surface	Below Surface	
Maximum Index Val	ue		0.682	0.0)12	0.0)27	(a)
Index Component V	alue			0.012	0.006	0.010	0.027	
Acoustic	p _{r,a} at z _{MI}	(MPa)	1.28					
Parameters	Р	(mW)		0.7	711	0.7	711	#
	P _{1x1}	(mW)		0.7	711	0.7	711	
	Z _S	(cm)			2.60			
	z _b	(cm)					2.67	
	Z _{MI}	(cm)	2.60					
	Z _{pii,a}	(cm)	2.60					
	f _{awf}	(MHz)	3.51	3.	51	3.	51	#
Other Information	prr	(Hz)	200					
	srr	(Hz)	_					
	n _{pps}		1					
	I _{pa,a} at Z _{pii,a}	(W/cm ²)	82.9					
	$I_{spta,a}$ at $Z_{pii,a}$ or $Z_{sii,a}$	(mW/cm ²)	5.34					
	I _{spta,a} at Z _{pii} or Z _{sii}	(mW/cm ²)	10.3					
	p _r at Z _{pii}	(MPa)	1.77					
Operating Control	Control 1		~	~	~	~	~	
Conditions	Control 2							
	Control 3							
	Control 4							
	Control 5							
	Control 6							
	Control 7							

⁽a) This scanner is not intended for transcranial or neonatal cephalic use.

Control 1: Exam Type: Abdomen; Depth: 3.9 cm; Mode: M

[#] Not reported for this operating condition; the maximum index value is not reported for the reasons shown in the Maximum Index Value fields.

[—] Not applicable for this scanner or mode.

Clarius Scanner C3 HD: PW Doppler Mode

Index Label			MI	TI	IS	Т	IB	TIC
				At Surface	Below Surface	At Surface	Below Surface	
Maximum Index Val	ue		0.734	0.2	231	0.6	604	(a)
Index Component V	alue			0.231	0.096	0.268	0.604	
Acoustic	p _{r,a} at z _{MI}	(MPa)	1.17					
Parameters	Р	(mW)		19	9.1	19	9.1	#
	P _{1x1}	(mW)		19).1	19	9.1	
	Z _S	(cm)			2.60			
	z _b	(cm)					4.53	
	Z _{MI}	(cm)	2.60					
	Z _{pii,a}	(cm)	2.60					
	f _{awf}	(MHz)	2.54	2.54 2.54		#		
Other Information	prr	(Hz)	1000					
	srr	(Hz)	_					
	n _{pps}		1					
	I _{pa,a} at Z _{pii,a}	(W/cm ²)	70.2					
	I _{spta,a} at Z _{pii,a} or Z _{sii,a}	(mW/cm ²)	104					
	I _{spta,a} at Z _{pii} or Z _{sii}	(mW/cm ²)	252					
	p _r at Z _{pii}	(MPa)	1.82					
Operating Control	Control 1	ı	~	~	~	~	~	
Conditions	Control 2							
	Control 3							
	Control 4							
	Control 5							
	Control 6							
	Control 7							

⁽a) This scanner is not intended for transcranial or neonatal cephalic use.

Control 1: Exam Type: Cardiac; Gate Depth: 4.5 cm; Mode: PWD

[#] Not reported for this operating condition; the maximum index value is not reported for the reasons shown in the Maximum Index Value fields.

[—] Not applicable for this scanner or mode.

Clarius Scanner C7 HD: B-Mode

Index Label			MI	T	IS	Т	IB	TIC
				At Surface	Below Surface	At Surface	Below Surface	
Maximum Index Val	ue		1.10	0.1	37	0.2	211	(a)
Index Component V	alue			0.137	0.137	0.211	0.137	
Acoustic	p _{r,a} at z _{MI}	(MPa)	2.44					
Parameters	Р	(mW)		7.	63	7.	63	#
	P _{1x1}	(mW)		5.	81	5.	81	
	Z _S	(cm)			1.90			
	z _b	(cm)					1.90	
	Z _{MI}	(cm)	1.90					
	Z _{pii,a}	(cm)	1.90					
	f _{awf}	(MHz) 4.94 4.94 4.94		#				
Other Information	prr	(Hz)	4800					
	srr	(Hz)	25.0					
	n _{pps}		2					
	I _{pa,a} at Z _{pii,a}	(W/cm ²)	271					
	I _{spta,a} at Z _{pii,a} or Z _{sii,a}	(mW/cm ²)	13.9					
	I _{spta,a} at Z _{pii} or Z _{sii}	(mW/cm ²)	26.5					
	p _r at Z _{pii}	(MPa)	3.37					
Operating Control	Control 1		>	~	~	~	~	
Conditions	Control 2							
	Control 3							
	Control 4							
	Control 5							
	Control 6							
	Control 7							

⁽a) This scanner is not intended for transcranial or neonatal cephalic use.

Control 1: Exam Type: Abdomen; Depth: 4 cm; Mode: B

[#] Not reported for this operating condition; the maximum index value is not reported for the reasons shown in the Maximum Index Value fields.

Clarius Scanner C7 HD: Color Doppler Mode

Index Label			MI	Т	IS	Т	IB	TIC
				At Surface	Below Surface	At Surface	Below Surface	
Maximum Index Val	ue		1.12	0.6	315	1.	16	(a)
Index Component V	alue			0.615	0.615	1.16	0.615	
Acoustic	p _{r,a} at z _{MI}	(MPa)	2.27					
Parameters	Р	(mW)		41	1.8	4	1.8	#
	P _{1x1}	(mW)		31	1.8	3′	1.8	
	Z _S	(cm)			1.50			
	z _b	(cm)					1.50	
	Z _{MI}	(cm)	1.50					
	Z _{pii,a}	(cm)	1.50					
	f _{awf}	(MHz)	4.09	4.	06	4.	06	#
Other Information	prr	(Hz)	6300					
	srr	(Hz)	300					
	n _{pps}		10					
	I _{pa,a} at Z _{pii,a}	(W/cm ²)	251					
	I _{spta,a} at Z _{pii,a} or Z _{sii,a}	(mW/cm ²)	191					
	I _{spta,a} at Z _{pii} or Z _{sii}	(mW/cm ²)	291					
	p _r at Z _{pii}	(MPa)	2.81					
Operating Control	Control 1		~					
Conditions	Control 2			~	~	~	~	
	Control 3							
	Control 4							
	Control 5							
	Control 6							
	Control 7							

⁽a) This scanner is not intended for transcranial or neonatal cephalic use.

Control 1: Exam Type: Cardiac; Depth: 3 cm; Mode: CD Control 2: Exam Type: Cardiac; Depth: 7.8 cm; Mode: CD

[#] Not reported for this operating condition; the maximum index value is not reported for the reasons shown in the Maximum Index Value fields.

Clarius Scanner C7 HD: M-Mode

Index Label			MI	Т	'IS	Т	IB	TIC
				At Surface	Below Surface	At Surface	Below Surface	
Maximum Index Val	ue		1.10	0.0	008	0.0	038	(a)
Index Component V	alue			0.008	0.004	0.009	0.038	
Acoustic	p _{r,a} at z _{MI}	(MPa)	2.44					
Parameters	Р	(mW)		0.3	319	0.3	319	#
	P _{1x1}	(mW)		0.3	319	0.3	319	
	Z _S	(cm)			1.90			
	z _b	(cm)					1.90	
	Z _{MI}	(cm)	1.90					
	Z _{pii,a}	(cm)	1.90					
	f _{awf}	(MHz)	4.94	4.	.94	4.	94	#
Other Information	prr	(Hz)	200					
	srr	(Hz)	_					
	n _{pps}		1					
	I _{pa,a} at Z _{pii,a}	(W/cm ²)	271					
	I _{spta,a} at Z _{pii,a} or Z _{sii,a}	(mW/cm ²)	25.3					
	I _{spta,a} at Z _{pii} or Z _{sii}	(mW/cm ²)	48.3					
	p _r at Z _{pii}	(MPa)	3.37					
Operating Control	Control 1		~	~	~	~	~	
Conditions	Control 2							
	Control 3							
	Control 4							
	Control 5							
	Control 6							
	Control 7							

⁽a) This scanner is not intended for transcranial or neonatal cephalic use.

Control 1: Exam Type: Abdomen; Depth: 4 cm; Mode: M

[#] Not reported for this operating condition; the maximum index value is not reported for the reasons shown in the Maximum Index Value fields.

[—] Not applicable for this scanner or mode.

Clarius Scanner C7 HD: PW Doppler Mode

Index Label			MI	Т	IS	Т	IB	TIC
				At Surface	Below Surface	At Surface	Below Surface	
Maximum Index Val	ue		0.814	0.2	284	1.	20	(a)
Index Component V	alue			0.284	0.153	0.391	1.20	
Acoustic	p _{r,a} at z _{MI}	(MPa)	1.82					
Parameters	Р	(mW)		12	2.0	12	2.0	#
	P _{1x1}	(mW)		12	2.0	12	2.0	
	Z _S	(cm)			1.80			
	z _b	(cm)					1.60	
	Z _{MI}	(cm)	1.80					
	Z _{pii,a}	(cm)	1.80					
	f _{awf}	(MHz)	4.98	4.	98	4.	98	#
Other Information	prr	(Hz)	3000					
	srr	(Hz)	_					
	n _{pps}		1					
	I _{pa,a} at Z _{pii,a}	(W/cm ²)	232					
	I _{spta,a} at Z _{pii,a} or Z _{sii,a}	(mW/cm ²)	486					
	I _{spta,a} at Z _{pii} or Z _{sii}	(mW/cm ²)	902					
	p _r at Z _{pii}	(MPa)	2.48					
Operating Control	Control 1		~	~	~	~	~	
Conditions	Control 2							
	Control 3							
	Control 4							
	Control 5							
	Control 6							
	Control 7							

⁽a) This scanner is not intended for transcranial or neonatal cephalic use.

Control 1: Exam Type: Cardiac; Gate Depth: 1.8 cm; Mode: PWD

[#] Not reported for this operating condition; the maximum index value is not reported for the reasons shown in the Maximum Index Value fields.

[—] Not applicable for this scanner or mode.

Clarius Scanner EC7 HD: B-Mode

Index Label			MI	Т	IS	Т	IB	TIC
				At Surface	Below Surface	At Surface	Below Surface	
Maximum Index Val	ue		0.729	0.0	69	0.0	076	(a)
Index Component V	alue			0.069	0.069	0.076	0.069	
Acoustic	p _{r,a} at z _{MI}	(MPa)	1.79					
Parameters	Р	(mW)		2.	39	2.	39	#
	P _{1x1}	(mW)		2.	39	2.	39	
	Z _S	(cm)			1.07			
	z _b	(cm)					1.07	
	Z _{MI}	(cm)	1.07					
	Z _{pii,a}	(cm)	1.07					
	f _{awf}	(MHz)	6.05	6.05 6.05		#		
Other Information	prr	(Hz)	4800					
	srr	(Hz)	25.0					
	n _{pps}		2					
	I _{pa,a} at Z _{pii,a}	(W/cm ²)	107					
	I _{spta,a} at Z _{pii,a} or Z _{sii,a}	(mW/cm ²)	2.58					
	I _{spta,a} at Z _{pii} or Z _{sii}	(mW/cm ²)	4.03					
	p _r at Z _{pii}	(MPa)	2.24					
Operating Control	Control 1		~	~	~	~	~	
Conditions	Control 2							
	Control 3							
	Control 4							
	Control 5							
	Control 6							
	Control 7							

⁽a) This scanner is not intended for transcranial or neonatal cephalic use.

Control 1: Exam Type: Pelvic; Depth: 5 cm; Mode: B

[#] Not reported for this operating condition; the maximum index value is not reported for the reasons shown in the Maximum Index Value fields.

Clarius Scanner EC7 HD: Color Doppler Mode

Index Label			MI	Т	IS	Т	IB	TIC
				At Surface	Below Surface	At Surface	Below Surface	
Maximum Index Val	ue		0.920	0.4	192	0.6	647	(a)
Index Component V	alue			0.492	0.492	0.647	0.492	
Acoustic	p _{r,a} at z _{MI}	(MPa)	2.07					
Parameters	Р	(mW)		20).2	20).2	#
	P _{1x1}	(mW)		20).2	20	0.2	
	Z _S	(cm)			1.10			
	z _b	(cm)					1.10	
	Z _{MI}	(cm)	0.900					
	Z _{pii,a}	(cm)	0.900					
	f _{awf}	(MHz)	5.04	5.	11	5.	11	#
Other Information	prr	(Hz)	5400					
	srr	(Hz)	300					
	n _{pps}		10					
	I _{pa,a} at Z _{pii,a}	(W/cm ²)	163					
	I _{spta,a} at Z _{pii,a} or Z _{sii,a}	(mW/cm ²)	67.2					
	I _{spta,a} at Z _{pii} or Z _{sii}	(mW/cm ²)	92.4					
	p _r at Z _{pii}	(MPa)	2.42					
Operating Control	Control 1		>					
Conditions	Control 2			~	~	~	~	
	Control 3							
	Control 4							
	Control 5							
	Control 6							
	Control 7							

⁽a) This scanner is not intended for transcranial or neonatal cephalic use.

Control 1: Exam Type: Pelvic; Depth: 3 cm; Mode: CD Control 2: Exam Type: Pelvic; Depth: 3 cm; Mode: CD

[#] Not reported for this operating condition; the maximum index value is not reported for the reasons shown in the Maximum Index Value fields.

Clarius Scanner EC7 HD: M-Mode

Index Label			MI	T	IS	Т	IB	TIC
				At Surface	Below Surface	At Surface	Below Surface	
Maximum Index Val	ue		0.729	0.0	003	0.0)11	(a)
Index Component V	alue			0.003	0.002	0.003	0.011	
Acoustic	p _{r,a} at z _{MI}	(MPa)	1.79					
Parameters	Р	(mW)		0.0)99	0.0	99	#
	P _{1x1}	(mW)		0.0)99	0.0)99	
	Z _S	(cm)			1.07			
	z _b	(cm)					1.07	
	Z _{MI}	(cm)	1.07					
	Z _{pii,a}	(cm)	1.07					
	f _{awf}	(MHz)	6.05	6.	05	6.	05	#
Other Information	prr	(Hz)	200					
	srr	(Hz)	_					
	n _{pps}		1					
	I _{pa,a} at Z _{pii,a}	(W/cm ²)	107					
	$I_{spta,a}$ at $Z_{pii,a}$ or $Z_{sii,a}$	(mW/cm ²)	4.66					
	I _{spta,a} at Z _{pii} or Z _{sii}	(mW/cm ²)	7.30					
	p _r at Z _{pii}	(MPa)	2.24					
Operating Control	Control 1		~	~	~	~	~	
Conditions	Control 2							
	Control 3							
	Control 4							
	Control 5							
	Control 6							
	Control 7							

⁽a) This scanner is not intended for transcranial or neonatal cephalic use.

Control 1: Exam Type: Pelvic; Depth: 5 cm; Mode: M

[#] Not reported for this operating condition; the maximum index value is not reported for the reasons shown in the Maximum Index Value fields.

[—] Not applicable for this scanner or mode.

Clarius Scanner EC7 HD: PW Doppler Mode

Index Label			MI	Т	IS	Т	IB	TIC
				At Surface	Below Surface	At Surface	Below Surface	
Maximum Index Val	ue		0.768	0.1	115	0.3	376	(a)
Index Component V	alue			0.115	0.059	0.189	0.376	
Acoustic	p _{r,a} at z _{MI}	(MPa)	1.73					
Parameters	Р	(mW)		4.	4.78 4.78		#	
	P _{1x1}	(mW)		4.	78	4.	78	
	Z _S	(cm)			1.90			
	z _b	(cm)					1.90	
	Z _{MI}	(cm)	1.90					
	Z _{pii,a}	(cm)	1.90					
	f _{awf}	(MHz)	5.05	5.	05	5.05		#
Other Information	prr	(Hz)	1000					
	srr	(Hz)	_					
	n _{pps}		1					
	I _{pa,a} at Z _{pii,a}	(W/cm ²)	196					
	I _{spta,a} at Z _{pii,a} or Z _{sii,a}	(mW/cm ²)	144					
	I _{spta,a} at Z _{pii} or Z _{sii}	(mW/cm ²)	279					
	p _r at Z _{pii}	(MPa)	2.41					
Operating Control	Control 1		~	~	~	~	~	
Conditions	Control 2							
	Control 3							
	Control 4							
	Control 5							
	Control 6							
	Control 7							

⁽a) This scanner is not intended for transcranial or neonatal cephalic use.

Control 1: Exam Type: Pelvic; Depth: 1.9 cm; Mode: PWD

[#] Not reported for this operating condition; the maximum index value is not reported for the reasons shown in the Maximum Index Value fields.

[—] Not applicable for this scanner or mode.

Clarius Scanner L7 HD: B-Mode

Index Label			MI	Т	IS	Т	IB	TIC
				At Surface	Below Surface	At Surface	Below Surface	
Maximum Index Val	ue		0.432	0.0)44	0.0	047	(a)
Index Component V	alue			0.044	0.044	0.047	0.044	
Acoustic	p _{r,a} at z _{MI}	(MPa)	1.17					
Parameters	Р	(mW)		1.	66	1.	66	#
	P _{1x1}	(mW)		1.	25	1.	25	
	Z _S	(cm)			1.90			
	z _b	(cm)					1.90	
	Z _{MI}	(cm)	1.90					
	Z _{pii,a}	(cm)	1.90					
	f _{awf}	(MHz)	7.34	7.	34	7.34		#
Other Information	prr	(Hz)	9600					
	srr	(Hz)	25.0					
	n _{pps}		2					
	I _{pa,a} at Z _{pii,a}	(W/cm ²)	50.8					
	I _{spta,a} at Z _{pii,a} or Z _{sii,a}	(mW/cm ²)	1.13					
	I _{spta,a} at Z _{pii} or Z _{sii}	(mW/cm ²)	2.97					
	p _r at Z _{pii}	(MPa)	1.89					
Operating Control	Control 1		>	~	~	~	~	
Conditions	Control 2							
	Control 3							
	Control 4							
	Control 5							
	Control 6							
	Control 7							

⁽a) This scanner is not intended for transcranial or neonatal cephalic use.

Control 1: Exam Type: Vascular; Depth: 4 cm; Mode: B

[#] Not reported for this operating condition; the maximum index value is not reported for the reasons shown in the Maximum Index Value fields.

Clarius Scanner L7 HD: Color Doppler Mode

Index Label			MI	Т	IS	Т	IB	TIC
				At Surface	Below Surface	At Surface	Below Surface	
Maximum Index Val	ue		0.674	0.1	06	0.1	166	(a)
Index Component V	alue			0.106	0.106	0.166	0.106	
Acoustic	p _{r,a} at z _{MI}	(MPa)	1.51					
Parameters	Р	(mW)		5.	84	5.84		#
	P _{1x1}	(mW)		4.	38	4.	38	
	Z _S	(cm)			1.43			
	z _b	(cm)					1.43	
	Z _{MI}	(cm)	1.43					
	Z _{pii,a}	(cm)	1.43					
	f _{awf}	(MHz)	5.06	5.	06	5.06		#
Other Information	prr	(Hz)	5400					
	srr	(Hz)	300					
	n _{pps}		12					
	I _{pa,a} at Z _{pii,a}	(W/cm ²)	96.8					
	I _{spta,a} at Z _{pii,a} or Z _{sii,a}	(mW/cm ²)	30.9					
	I _{spta,a} at Z _{pii} or Z _{sii}	(mW/cm ²)	50.8					
	p _r at Z _{pii}	(MPa)	1.94					
Operating Control	Control 1	I	~	~	~	~	~	
Conditions	Control 2							
	Control 3							
	Control 4	Control 4						
	Control 5							
	Control 6							
	Control 7							

⁽a) This scanner is not intended for transcranial or neonatal cephalic use.

Control 1: Exam Type: Vascular; Depth: 3 cm; Mode: CD

[#] Not reported for this operating condition; the maximum index value is not reported for the reasons shown in the Maximum Index Value fields.

Clarius Scanner L7 HD: M-Mode

Index Label			MI	T	'IS	T	IB	TIC
				At Surface	Below Surface	At Surface	Below Surface	
Maximum Index Val	ue		0.432	0.0	001	0.0	003	(a)
Index Component V	alue			0.001	0.000	0.001	0.003	
Acoustic	p _{r,a} at z _{MI}	(MPa)	1.17					
Parameters	Р	(mW)		0.0	035	0.0	35	#
	P _{1x1}	(mW)		0.0	035	0.0	035	
	Z _S	(cm)			1.90			
	z _b	(cm)					1.90	
	Z _{MI}	(cm)	1.90					
	Z _{pii,a}	(cm)	1.90					
	f _{awf}	(MHz)	7.34	7.	34	7.34		#
Other Information	prr	(Hz)	200					
	srr	(Hz)	_					
	n _{pps}		1					
	I _{pa,a} at Z _{pii,a}	(W/cm ²)	50.8					
	I _{spta,a} at Z _{pii,a} or Z _{sii,a}	(mW/cm ²)	1.75					
	I _{spta,a} at Z _{pii} or Z _{sii}	(mW/cm ²)	4.59					
	p _r at Z _{pii}	(MPa)	1.89					
Operating Control	Control 1		~	~	~	~	~	
Conditions	Control 2							
	Control 3							
	Control 4							
	Control 5							
	Control 6							
	Control 7							

⁽a) This scanner is not intended for transcranial or neonatal cephalic use.

Control 1: Exam Type: Vascular; Depth: 4 cm; Mode: M

[#] Not reported for this operating condition; the maximum index value is not reported for the reasons shown in the Maximum Index Value fields.

[—] Not applicable for this scanner or mode.

Clarius Scanner L7 HD: Needle Enhance B-Mode

Index Label			MI	T	IS	Т	IB	TIC
				At Surface	Below Surface	At Surface	Below Surface	
Maximum Index Val	ue		0.987	0.3	329	0.5	501	(a)
Index Component V	alue			0.329	0.329	0.501	0.329	
Acoustic	p _{r,a} at z _{MI}	(MPa)	2.26					
Parameters	Р	(mW)		17	7.6	17	7.6	#
	P _{1x1}	(mW)		13	3.2	13	3.2	
	Z _S	(cm)			2.00			
	z _b	(cm)					2.00	
	Z _{MI}	(cm)	2.00					
	Z _{pii,a}	(cm)	2.00					
	f _{awf}	(MHz)	5.24	5.	24	5.24		#
Other Information	prr	(Hz)	4800					
	srr	(Hz)	25.0					
	n _{pps}		2					
	I _{pa,a} at Z _{pii,a}	(W/cm ²)	258					
	I _{spta,a} at Z _{pii,a} or Z _{sii,a}	(mW/cm ²)	11.5					
	I _{spta,a} at Z _{pii} or Z _{sii}	(mW/cm ²)	23.6					
	p _r at Z _{pii}	(MPa)	3.24					
Operating Control	Control 1		>	~	~	~	~	
Conditions	Control 2							
	Control 3							
	Control 4							
	Control 5							
	Control 6							
	Control 7							

⁽a) This scanner is not intended for transcranial or neonatal cephalic use.

Control 1: Exam Type: MSK; Depth: 4 cm; Mode: B

[#] Not reported for this operating condition; the maximum index value is not reported for the reasons shown in the Maximum Index Value fields.

Clarius Scanner L7 HD: Ocular (Ophthalmic) B-Mode

Index Label			MI	T	IS	Т	IB	TIC
				At Surface	Below Surface	At Surface	Below Surface	
Maximum Index Val	ue		0.157	0.0	006	0.0	007	(a)
Index Component V	alue			0.006	0.006	0.007	0.006	
Acoustic	p _{r,a} at z _{MI}	(MPa)	0.404					
Parameters	Р	(mW)		0.2	245	0.245		#
	P _{1x1}	(mW)		0.1	184	0.1	184	
	Z _S	(cm)			1.57			
	z _b	(cm)					1.57	
	Z _{MI}	(cm)	1.57					
	Z _{pii,a}	(cm)	1.57					
	f _{awf}	(MHz)	6.58	6.	58	6.58		#
Other Information	prr	(Hz)	9600					
	srr	(Hz)	25.0					
	n _{pps}		2					
	I _{pa,a} at Z _{pii,a}	(W/cm ²)	4.16					
	I _{spta,a} at Z _{pii,a} or Z _{sii,a}	(mW/cm ²)	0.237					
	I _{spta,a} at Z _{pii} or Z _{sii}	(mW/cm ²)	0.484					
	p _r at Z _{pii}	(MPa)	0.577					
Operating Control	Control 1		>	~	~	~	~	
Conditions	Control 2							
	Control 3							
	Control 4							
	Control 5							
	Control 6							
	Control 7							

⁽a) This scanner is not intended for transcranial or neonatal cephalic use.

Control 1: Exam Type: Ocular; Depth: 4 cm; Mode: B

[#] Not reported for this operating condition; the maximum index value is not reported for the reasons shown in the Maximum Index Value fields.

Clarius Scanner L7 HD: PW Doppler Mode

Index Label			MI	T	IS	Т	IB	TIC
				At Surface	Below Surface	At Surface	Below Surface	
Maximum Index Valu	ue		0.728	0.2	293	0.7	729	(a)
Index Component Va	alue			0.293	0.147	0.256	0.729	
Acoustic	p _{r,a} at z _{MI}	(MPa)	1.64					
Parameters	Р	(mW)		12	2.3	7.	7.57	
	P _{1x1}	(mW)		12	2.3	7.	57	
	Z _S	(cm)			2.00			
	z _b	(cm)					1.70	
	Z _{MI}	(cm)	1.70					
	Z _{pii,a}	(cm)	1.70					
	f _{awf}	(MHz)	5.04	5.02 5.04		#		
Other Information	prr	(Hz)	3500					
	srr	(Hz)	_					
	n _{pps}		1					
	I _{pa,a} at Z _{pii,a}	(W/cm ²)	124					
	I _{spta,a} at Z _{pii,a} or Z _{sii,a}	(mW/cm ²)	317					
	I _{spta,a} at Z _{pii} or Z _{sii}	(mW/cm ²)	574					
	p _r at Z _{pii}	(MPa)	2.20					
Operating Control	Control 1		>			~	~	
Conditions	Control 2			~	~			
	Control 3							
	Control 4							
	Control 5							
	Control 6							
	Control 7							

⁽a) This scanner is not intended for transcranial or neonatal cephalic use.

Control 1: Exam Type: Vascular; Gate Depth: 2.3 cm; Mode: PWD Control 2: Exam Type: Vascular; Gate Depth: 4 cm; Mode: PWD

[#] Not reported for this operating condition; the maximum index value is not reported for the reasons shown in the Maximum Index Value fields.

[—] Not applicable for this scanner or mode.

Clarius Scanner L15 HD: B-Mode

Index Label			MI	Т	IS	T	IB	TIC
				At Surface	Below Surface	At Surface	Below Surface	
Maximum Index Valu	ne		0.533	0.0	060	0.1	123	(a)
Index Component V	alue			0.060	0.060	0.123	0.060	
Acoustic	p _{r,a} at z _{MI}	(MPa)	1.54					
Parameters	Р	(mW)		2.43		2.	43	#
	P _{1x1}	(mW)		1.	46	1.	46	
	Z _S	(cm)			1.80			
	z _b	(cm)					1.80	
	Z _{MI}	(cm)	1.40					
	Z _{pii,a}	(cm)	1.40					
	f _{awf}	(MHz)	8.33	8.	69	8.	69	#
Other Information	prr	(Hz)	4800					
	srr	(Hz)	25.0					
	n _{pps}		2					
	I _{pa,a} at Z _{pii,a}	(W/cm ²)	84.5					
	I _{spta,a} at Z _{pii,a} or Z _{sii,a}	(mW/cm ²)	1.35					
	I _{spta,a} at Z _{pii} or Z _{sii}	(mW/cm ²)	3.03					
	p _r at Z _{pii}	(MPa)	2.30					
Operating Control	Control 1		~					
Conditions	Control 2			~	~	~	~	
	Control 3							
	Control 4							
	Control 5							
	Control 6							
	Control 7							

⁽a) This scanner is not intended for transcranial or neonatal cephalic use.

Control 1: Exam Type: Vascular; Depth: 1 cm; Mode: B Control 2: Exam Type: Vascular; Depth: 2 cm; Mode: B

[#] Not reported for this operating condition; the maximum index value is not reported for the reasons shown in the Maximum Index Value fields.

Clarius Scanner L15 HD: Color Doppler Mode

Index Label			MI	T	IS	T	IB	TIC
				At Surface	Below Surface	At Surface	Below Surface	
Maximum Index Val	ue		0.945	0.1	90	1.	01	(a)
Index Component V	alue			0.190	0.190	1.01	0.190	
Acoustic	p _{r,a} at z _{MI}	(MPa)	2.58					
Parameters	Р	(mW)		8.89 8.89		89	#	
	P _{1x1}	(mW)		5.	33	5.	33	
	Z _S	(cm)			2.07			
	z _b	(cm)					2.07	
	Z _{MI}	(cm)	1.47					
	Z _{pii,a}	(cm)	1.47					
	f _{awf}	(MHz)	7.45	7.	47	7.47		#
Other Information	prr	(Hz)	4160					
	srr	(Hz)	130					
	n _{pps}		12					
	I _{pa,a} at Z _{pii,a}	(W/cm ²)	348					
	I _{spta,a} at Z _{pii,a} or Z _{sii,a}	(mW/cm ²)	28.8					
	I _{spta,a} at Z _{pii} or Z _{sii}	(mW/cm ²)	61.3					
	p _r at Z _{pii}	(MPa)	3.76					
Operating Control	Control 1		~					
Conditions	Control 2			~	~	~	~	
	Control 3							
	Control 4							
	Control 5							
	Control 6							
	Control 7							

⁽a) This scanner is not intended for transcranial or neonatal cephalic use.

Control 1: Exam Type: Vascular; Depth: 2.8 cm; Mode: CD Control 2: Exam Type: Vascular; Depth: 7 cm; Mode: CD

[#] Not reported for this operating condition; the maximum index value is not reported for the reasons shown in the Maximum Index Value fields.

Clarius Scanner L15 HD: M-Mode

Index Label			MI	Т	IS	T	IB	TIC
				At Surface	Below Surface	At Surface	Below Surface	
Maximum Index Valu	ue		0.533	0.0	004	0.0	005	(a)
Index Component V	alue			0.004	0.001	0.005	0.004	
Acoustic	p _{r,a} at z _{MI}	(MPa)	1.54					
Parameters	Р	(mW)		0.1	101	0.1	101	#
	P _{1x1}	(mW)		0.1	101	0.1	101	
	Z _S	(cm)			1.80			
	z _b	(cm)					1.80	
	Z _{MI}	(cm)	1.40					
	Z _{pii,a}	(cm)	1.40					
	f _{awf}	f _{awf} (MHz) 8.33 8.69 8.69		69	#			
Other Information	prr	(Hz)	200					
	srr	(Hz)	_					
	n _{pps}		1					
	I _{pa,a} at Z _{pii,a}	(W/cm ²)	84.5					
	I _{spta,a} at Z _{pii,a} or Z _{sii,a}	(mW/cm ²)	2.53					
	I _{spta,a} at Z _{pii} or Z _{sii}	(mW/cm ²)	5.69					
	p _r at Z _{pii}	(MPa)	2.30					
Operating Control	Control 1		~					
Conditions	Control 2			~	~	~	~	
	Control 3							
	Control 4							
	Control 5							
	Control 6							
	Control 7							

⁽a) This scanner is not intended for transcranial or neonatal cephalic use.

Control 1: Exam Type: Vascular; Depth: 1 cm; Mode: M Control 2: Exam Type: Vascular; Depth: 2 cm; Mode: M

[#] Not reported for this operating condition; the maximum index value is not reported for the reasons shown in the Maximum Index Value fields.

 $[\]boldsymbol{-}$ Not applicable for this scanner or mode.

Clarius Scanner L15 HD: Needle Enhance B-Mode

Index Label			MI	T	IS	T	IB	TIC
				At Surface	Below Surface	At Surface	Below Surface	
Maximum Index Val	ue		0.620	0.0)90	0.6	557	(a)
Index Component V	alue			0.090	0.090	0.657	0.090	
Acoustic	p _{r,a} at z _{MI}	(MPa)	1.69					
Parameters	Р	(mW)		4.	33	4.	33	#
	P _{1x1}	(mW)		2.	60	2.	60	
	Z _S	(cm)			1.67			
	z _b	(cm)					1.67	
	Z _{MI}	(cm)	1.43					
	Z _{pii,a}	(cm)	1.43					
	f _{awf} (MHz) 7.40 7.31		7.	31	#			
Other Information	prr	(Hz)	3456					
	srr	(Hz)	18.0					
	n _{pps}		2					
	I _{pa,a} at Z _{pii,a}	(W/cm ²)	116					
	I _{spta,a} at Z _{pii,a} or Z _{sii,a}	(mW/cm ²)	3.00					
	I _{spta,a} at Z _{pii} or Z _{sii}	(mW/cm ²)	6.25					
	p _r at Z _{pii}	(MPa)	2.43					
Operating Control	Control 1		~					
Conditions	Control 2			~	~	~	~	
	Control 3							
	Control 4							
	Control 5							
	Control 6							
	Control 7							

⁽a) This scanner is not intended for transcranial or neonatal cephalic use.

Control 1: Exam Type: Vascular; Depth: 2.8 cm; Mode: B Control 2: Exam Type: Vascular; Depth: 7 cm; Mode: B

[#] Not reported for this operating condition; the maximum index value is not reported for the reasons shown in the Maximum Index Value fields.

Clarius Scanner L15 HD: Ocular (Ophthalmic) B-Mode

Index Label			MI	T	IS	Т	IB	TIC
				At Surface	Below Surface	At Surface	Below Surface	
Maximum Index Val	ue		0.087	0.0	004	0.0	004	(a)
Index Component V	alue			0.004	0.004	0.004	0.004	
Acoustic	p _{r,a} at z _{MI}	(MPa)	0.280					
Parameters	Р	(mW)		0.0)85	0.0)85	#
	P _{1x1}	(mW)		0.0)85	0.085		
	Z _S	(cm)			2.00			
	z _b	(cm)					2.00	
	Z _{MI}	(cm)	2.00					
	Z _{pii,a}	(cm)	2.00					
	f _{awf}	(MHz)	10.3	10).3	10	0.3	#
Other Information	prr	(Hz)	3648					
	srr	(Hz)	19.0					
	n _{pps}		2					
	I _{pa,a} at Z _{pii,a}	(W/cm ²)	2.35					
	I _{spta,a} at Z _{pii,a} or Z _{sii,a}	(mW/cm ²)	0.025					
	I _{spta,a} at Z _{pii} or Z _{sii}	(mW/cm ²)	0.103					
	p _r at Z _{pii}	(MPa)	0.573					
Operating Control	Control 1	I.	~	~	~	~	~	
Conditions	Control 2							
	Control 3							
	Control 4							
	Control 5							

⁽a) This scanner is not intended for transcranial or neonatal cephalic use.

Control 1:Exam Type: Ocular; Depth: 4 cm; Mode: B

[#] Not reported for this operating condition; the maximum index value is not reported for the reasons shown in the Maximum Index Value fields.

Clarius Scanner L15 HD: PW Doppler Mode

Index Label			MI	Т	IS	T	IB	TIC
				At Surface	Below Surface	At Surface	Below Surface	
Maximum Index Valu	ue		0.819	0.6	315	1.	60	(a)
Index Component V	alue			0.615	0.269	1.60	0.552	
Acoustic	p _{r,a} at z _{MI}	(MPa)	2.23					
Parameters	Р	(mW)		15	5.7	15	5.7	#
	P _{1x1}	(mW)		15	5.7	15	5.7	
	Z _S	(cm)			1.57			
	z _b	(cm)					1.40	
	Z _{MI}	(cm)	1.37					
	Z _{pii,a}	(cm)	1.37					
	f _{awf}	(MHz)	7.44	8.	21	8.	8.21	
Other Information	prr	(Hz)	3500					
	srr	(Hz)	_					
	n _{pps}		1					
	I _{pa,a} at Z _{pii,a}	(W/cm ²)	278					
	I _{spta,a} at Z _{pii,a} or Z _{sii,a}	(mW/cm ²)	469					
	I _{spta,a} at Z _{pii} or Z _{sii}	(mW/cm ²)	948					
	p _r at Z _{pii}	(MPa)	3.17					
Operating Control	Control 1		~					
Conditions	Control 2			~	~	~	~	
	Control 3							
	Control 4							
	Control 5							
	Control 6							
	Control 7							

⁽a) This scanner is not intended for transcranial or neonatal cephalic use.

Control 1: Exam Type: Vascular; Gate Depth: 1.4 cm; Mode: PWD Control 2: Exam Type: Vascular; Gate Depth: 5 cm; Mode: PWD

[#] Not reported for this operating condition; the maximum index value is not reported for the reasons shown in the Maximum Index Value fields.

[—] Not applicable for this scanner or mode.

Clarius Scanner L20 HD: B-Mode

Index Label			MI	T	IS	Т	IB	TIC
				At Surface	Below Surface	At Surface	Below Surface	
Maximum Index Val	ue		0.564	0.0)45	0.0	063	(a)
Index Component V	alue			0.045	0.045	0.063	0.045	
Acoustic	p _{r,a} at z _{MI}	(MPa)	1.91					
Parameters	Р	(mW)		0.8	322	0.0	322	#
	P _{1x1}	(mW)		0.8	322	0.0	322	
	Z _S	(cm)			1.00			
	z _b	(cm)					1.00	
	Z _{MI}	(cm)	1.00					
	Z _{pii,a}	(cm)	1.00					
	f _{awf} (MHz) 11.4 11.4 11.4		1.4	#				
Other Information	prr	(Hz)	7296					
	srr	(Hz)	19.0					
	n _{pps}		2					
	I _{pa,a} at Z _{pii,a}	(W/cm ²)	120					
	$I_{spta,a}$ at $Z_{pii,a}$ or $Z_{sii,a}$	(mW/cm ²)	3.74					
	I _{spta,a} at Z _{pii} or Z _{sii}	(mW/cm ²)	8.24					
	p _r at Z _{pii}	(MPa)	2.83					
Operating Control	Control 1		>	~	~	~	~	
Conditions	Control 2							
	Control 3							
	Control 4							
	Control 5							
	Control 6							
	Control 7							

⁽a) This scanner is not intended for transcranial or neonatal cephalic use.

Control 1: Exam Type: Vascular; Depth: 4 cm; Mode: B

[#] Not reported for this operating condition; the maximum index value is not reported for the reasons shown in the Maximum Index Value fields.

Clarius Scanner L20 HD: Color Doppler Mode

Index Label			MI	Т	IS	T	IB	TIC
				At Surface	Below Surface	At Surface	Below Surface	
Maximum Index Valu	ue		0.243	0.0)21	0.0)22	(a)
Index Component V	alue			0.021	0.021	0.022	0.021	
Acoustic	p _{r,a} at z _{MI}	(MPa)	0.927					
Parameters	Р	(mW)		0.2	298	0.2	298	#
	P _{1x1}	(mW)		0.2	298	0.2	298	
	Z _S	(cm)			1.00			
	z _b	(cm)					1.00	
	Z _{MI}	(cm)	1.00					
	Z _{pii,a}	(cm)	1.00					
	f _{awf}	(MHz)	14.6	14	1.6	14	14.6	
Other Information	prr	(Hz)	2080					
	srr	(Hz)	13.0					
	n _{pps}		12					
	I _{pa,a} at Z _{pii,a}	(W/cm ²)	32.4					
	I _{spta,a} at Z _{pii,a} or Z _{sii,a}	(mW/cm ²)	0.492					
	I _{spta,a} at Z _{pii} or Z _{sii}	(mW/cm ²)	1.34					
	p _r at Z _{pii}	(MPa)	1.53					
Operating Control	Control 1		~	~	~	~	~	
Conditions	Control 2							
	Control 3							
	Control 4							
	Control 5							
	Control 6							
	Control 7							

⁽a) This scanner is not intended for transcranial or neonatal cephalic use.

Control 1: Exam Type: Vascular; Depth: 4 cm; Mode: CD

[#] Not reported for this operating condition; the maximum index value is not reported for the reasons shown in the Maximum Index Value fields.

Clarius Scanner L20 HD: M-Mode

Index Label			MI	Т	IS	T	IB	TIC
				At Surface	Below Surface	At Surface	Below Surface	
Maximum Index Valu	ne		0.437	0.0	002	0.0	003	(a)
Index Component V	alue			0.002	0.001	0.002	0.003	
Acoustic	p _{r,a} at z _{MI}	(MPa)	1.52					
Parameters	Р	(mW)		0.0)28	0.0)28	#
	P _{1x1}	(mW)		0.0)28	0.0)28	
	Z _S	(cm)			1.00			
	z _b	(cm)					1.07	
	Z _{MI}	(cm)	1.00					
	Z _{pii,a}	(cm)	1.00					
	f _{awf}	(MHz)	12.1	12	2.1	12.1		#
Other Information	prr	(Hz)	250					
	srr	(Hz)	_					
	n _{pps}		1					
	I _{pa,a} at Z _{pii,a}	(W/cm ²)	78.8					
	I _{spta,a} at Z _{pii,a} or Z _{sii,a}	(mW/cm ²)	1.97					
	I _{spta,a} at Z _{pii} or Z _{sii}	(mW/cm ²)	4.53					
	p _r at Z _{pii}	(MPa)	2.31					
Operating Control	Control 1	1	~	~	~	~	~	
Conditions	Control 2							
	Control 3							
	Control 4							
	Control 5	Control 5						
	Control 6							
	Control 7							

⁽a) This scanner is not intended for transcranial or neonatal cephalic use.

Control 1: Exam Type: Vascular; Depth: 1.5 cm; Mode: M

[#] Not reported for this operating condition; the maximum index value is not reported for the reasons shown in the Maximum Index Value fields.

 $[\]boldsymbol{-}$ Not applicable for this scanner or mode.

Clarius Scanner L20 HD: Needle Enhance B-Mode

Index Label			MI	T	IS	T	IB	TIC
				At Surface	Below Surface	At Surface	Below Surface	
Maximum Index Val	ue		0.441	0.0)18	0.0	018	(a)
Index Component V	alue			0.018	0.018	0.017	0.018	
Acoustic	p _{r,a} at z _{MI}	(MPa)	1.52					
Parameters	Р	(mW)		0.3	319	0.3	319	#
	P _{1x1}	(mW)		0.3	319	0.3	319	
	Z _S	(cm)			0.900			
	z _b	(cm)					0.900	
	Z _{MI}	(cm)	0.900					
	Z _{pii,a}	(cm)	0.900					
	f _{awf}	(MHz)	11.9	11.9		11.9		#
Other Information	prr	(Hz)	2304					
	srr	(Hz)	12.0					
	n _{pps}		1					
	I _{pa,a} at Z _{pii,a}	(W/cm ²)	84.6					
	$I_{spta,a}$ at $Z_{pii,a}$ or $Z_{sii,a}$	(mW/cm ²)	0.570					
	I _{spta,a} at Z _{pii} or Z _{sii}	(mW/cm ²)	1.20					
	p _r at Z _{pii}	(MPa)	2.20					
Operating Control	Control 1		~	~	~	~	~	
Conditions	Control 2							
	Control 3							
	Control 4							
	Control 5							
	Control 6							
	Control 7							

⁽a) This scanner is not intended for transcranial or neonatal cephalic use.

Control 1: Exam Type: Vascular; Depth: 2 cm; Mode: B

[#] Not reported for this operating condition; the maximum index value is not reported for the reasons shown in the Maximum Index Value fields.

Clarius Scanner L20 HD: Ocular (Ophthalmic) B-Mode

Index Label			MI	Т	IS	Т	IB	TIC
				At Surface	Below Surface	At Surface	Below Surface	
Maximum Index Valu	ne		0.116	0.0	001	0.0	001	(a)
Index Component V	alue			0.001	0.001	0.001	0.001	
Acoustic	p _{r,a} at z _{MI}	(MPa)	0.407					
Parameters	Р	(mW)		0.0)17	0.0	017	#
	P _{1x1}	(mW)		0.0)17	0.0	017	
	Z _S	(cm)			1.00			
	z _b	(cm)					1.00	
	Z _{MI}	(cm)	1.00					
	Z _{pii,a}	(cm)	1.00					
	f _{awf}	(MHz)	12.3	12	12.3 12.3		#	
Other Information	prr	(Hz)	2080					
	srr	(Hz)	13.0					
	n _{pps}		2					
	I _{pa,a} at Z _{pii,a}	(W/cm ²)	4.82					
	I _{spta,a} at Z _{pii,a} or Z _{sii,a}	(mW/cm ²)	0.020					
	I _{spta,a} at Z _{pii} or Z _{sii}	(mW/cm ²)	0.048					
	p _r at Z _{pii}	(MPa)	0.624					
Operating Control	Control 1		~	~	~	~	~	
Conditions	Control 2							
	Control 3							
	Control 4							
	Control 5							
	Control 6							
	Control 7							

⁽a) This scanner is not intended for transcranial or neonatal cephalic use.

Control 1: Exam Type: Ocular; Depth: 4 cm; Mode: B

[#] Not reported for this operating condition; the maximum index value is not reported for the reasons shown in the Maximum Index Value fields.

Clarius Scanner L20 HD: PW Doppler Mode

Index Label			MI	Т	IS	T	IB	TIC
				At Surface	Below Surface	At Surface	Below Surface	
Maximum Index Valu	ue		0.578	0.2	222	0.3	378	(a)
Index Component V	alue			0.222	0.120	0.378	0.262	
Acoustic	p _{r,a} at z _{MI}	(MPa)	1.82					
Parameters	Р	(mW)		4.	71	4.	71	#
	P _{1x1}	(mW)		4.	71	4.	71	
	Z _S	(cm)			0.900			
	z _b	(cm)					1.07	
	Z _{MI}	(cm)	0.900					
	Z _{pii,a}	(cm)	0.900					
	f _{awf}	(MHz)	9.93	9.	93	9.	9.93	
Other Information	prr	(Hz)	5000					
	srr	(Hz)	_					
	n _{pps}		1					
	I _{pa,a} at Z _{pii,a}	(W/cm ²)	143					
	I _{spta,a} at Z _{pii,a} or Z _{sii,a}	(mW/cm ²)	263					
	I _{spta,a} at Z _{pii} or Z _{sii}	(mW/cm ²)	488					
	p _r at Z _{pii}	(MPa)	2.48					
Operating Control	Control 1		~	~	~	~	~	
Conditions	Control 2							
	Control 3							
	Control 4							
	Control 5							
	Control 6							
	Control 7							

⁽a) This scanner is not intended for transcranial or neonatal cephalic use.

Control 1: Exam Type: Vascular; Depth: 0.9 cm; Mode: PWD

[#] Not reported for this operating condition; the maximum index value is not reported for the reasons shown in the Maximum Index Value fields.

[—] Not applicable for this scanner or mode.

Clarius Scanner PA HD: B-Mode

Index Label			MI	Т	IS	Т	IB	TIC
				At Surface	Below Surface	At Surface	Below Surface	
Maximum Index Val	ue		0.972	0.1	150	0.2	276	(a)
Index Component V	alue			0.150	0.150	0.276	0.150	
Acoustic	p _{r,a} at z _{MI}	(MPa)	1.64					
Parameters	Р	(mW)		18	3.0	18	3.0	#
	P _{1x1}	(mW)		11	1.2	11	1.2	
	Z _S	(cm)			2.43			
	z _b	(cm)					2.43	
	Z _{MI}	(cm)	1.77					
	Z _{pii,a}	(cm)	1.77					
	f _{awf}	(MHz)	2.83	2.	81	2.81		#
Other Information	prr	(Hz)	4800					
	srr	(Hz)	30.0					
	n _{pps}		4					
	I _{pa,a} at Z _{pii,a}	(W/cm ²)	73.9					
	I _{spta,a} at Z _{pii,a} or Z _{sii,a}	(mW/cm ²)	8.25					
	I _{spta,a} at Z _{pii} or Z _{sii}	(mW/cm ²)	11.7					
	p _r at Z _{pii}	(MPa)	1.94					
Operating Control	Control 1		~					
Conditions	Control 2			~	~	~	~	
	Control 3							
	Control 4							
	Control 5							
	Control 6							
	Control 7							

⁽a) This scanner is not intended for transcranial or neonatal cephalic use.

Control 1: Exam Type: Cardiac; Depth: 3.2 cm; Mode: B Control 2: Exam Type: Cardiac; Depth: 4.5 cm; Mode: B

[#] Not reported for this operating condition; the maximum index value is not reported for the reasons shown in the Maximum Index Value fields.

Clarius Scanner PA HD: Color Doppler Mode

Index Label			MI	TI	IS	T	IB	TIC
				At Surface	Below Surface	At Surface	Below Surface	
Maximum Index Val	ue		0.891	0.5	14	0.7	790	(a)
Index Component V	alue			0.514	0.514	0.790	0.514	
Acoustic	p _{r,a} at z _{MI}	(MPa)	1.62					
Parameters	Р	(mW)		51	.5	51	1.5	#
	P _{1x1}	(mW)		32	2.2	32	2.2	
	Z _S	(cm)			2.40			
	z _b	(cm)					2.40	
	Z _{MI}	(cm)	1.77					
	Z _{pii,a}	(cm)	1.77					
	f _{awf}	(MHz)	3.30	3.3	35	3.35		#
Other Information	prr	(Hz)	7800					
	srr	(Hz)	300					
	n _{pps}		10					
	I _{pa,a} at Z _{pii,a}	(W/cm ²)	61.6					
	I _{spta,a} at Z _{pii,a} or Z _{sii,a}	(mW/cm ²)	49.1					
	I _{spta,a} at Z _{pii} or Z _{sii}	(mW/cm ²)	73.6					
	p _r at Z _{pii}	(MPa)	1.98					
Operating Control	Control 1	<u> </u>	~					
Conditions	Control 2			~	~	~	~	
	Control 3							
	Control 4							
	Control 5							
	Control 6							
	Control 7							

⁽a) This scanner is not intended for transcranial or neonatal cephalic use.

Control 1: Exam Type: Cardiac; Depth: 3.2 cm; Mode: CD Control 2: Exam Type: Cardiac; Depth: 4.5 cm; Mode: CD

[#] Not reported for this operating condition; the maximum index value is not reported for the reasons shown in the Maximum Index Value fields.

Clarius Scanner PA HD: M-Mode

Index Label			MI	Т	IS	Т	IB	TIC
				At Surface	Below Surface	At Surface	Below Surface	
Maximum Index Valu	ue		0.972	0.0)10	0.0)41	(a)
Index Component V	alue			0.010	0.006	0.011	0.041	
Acoustic	p _{r,a} at z _{MI}	(MPa)	1.64					
Parameters	Р	(mW)		0.7	748	0.7	748	#
	P _{1x1}	(mW)		0.7	748	0.7	748	
	Z _S	(cm)			2.40			
	z _b	(cm)					2.43	
	Z _{MI}	(cm)	1.40					
	Z _{pii,a}	(cm)	1.40					
	f _{awf}	(MHz)	2.83	2.	81	2.	2.81	
Other Information	prr	(Hz)	200					
	srr	(Hz)	_					
	n _{pps}		1					
	I _{pa,a} at Z _{pii,a}	(W/cm ²)	73.9					
	I _{spta,a} at Z _{pii,a} or Z _{sii,a}	(mW/cm ²)	10.2					
	I _{spta,a} at Z _{pii} or Z _{sii}	(mW/cm ²)	14.4					
	p _r at Z _{pii}	(MPa)	1.94					
Operating Control	Control 1	•	~					
Conditions	Control 2			~	~	~	~	
	Control 3							
	Control 4							
	Control 5	Control 5						
	Control 6							
	Control 7							

⁽a) This scanner is not intended for transcranial or neonatal cephalic use.

Control 1: Exam Type: Cardiac; Depth: 3.2 cm; Mode: M Control 2: Exam Type: Cardiac; Depth: 4.5 cm; Mode: M

[#] Not reported for this operating condition; the maximum index value is not reported for the reasons shown in the Maximum Index Value fields.

[—] Not applicable for this scanner or mode.

Clarius Scanner PA HD: PW Doppler Mode

Index Label			MI	T	IS	Т	IB	TIC
				At Surface	Below Surface	At Surface	Below Surface	
Maximum Index Valu	ue		0.725	0.0	092	0.2	262	(a)
Index Component V	alue			0.092	0.048	0.158	0.262	
Acoustic	p _{r,a} at z _{MI}	(MPa)	1.14					
Parameters	Р	(mW)		7.	92	7.	92	#
	P _{1x1}	(mW)		7.	92	7.	92	
	Z _S	(cm)			3.00			
	z _b	(cm)					3.90	
	Z _{MI}	(cm)	3.00					
	Z _{pii,a}	(cm)	3.00					
	f _{awf}	(MHz)	2.45	2.	45	2.	2.45	
Other Information	prr	(Hz)	500					
	srr	(Hz)	_					
	n _{pps}		1					
	I _{pa,a} at Z _{pii,a}	(W/cm ²)	60.4					
	I _{spta,a} at Z _{pii,a} or Z _{sii,a}	(mW/cm ²)	45.2					
	I _{spta,a} at Z _{pii} or Z _{sii}	(mW/cm ²)	87.5					
	p _r at Z _{pii}	(MPa)	1.58					
Operating Control	Control 1		>	~	~	~	~	
Conditions	Control 2							
	Control 3							
	Control 4							
	Control 5							
	Control 6							
	Control 7							

⁽a) This scanner is not intended for transcranial or neonatal cephalic use.

Control 1: Exam Type: Cardiac; Gate Depth: 4 cm; Mode: PWD

[#] Not reported for this operating condition; the maximum index value is not reported for the reasons shown in the Maximum Index Value fields.

[—] Not applicable for this scanner or mode.

Clarius Scanner PA HD: Transcranial B-Mode

Index Label			MI	TIS		TIB		TIC
				At Surface	Below Surface	At Surface	Below Surface	
Maximum Index Value			0.972	0.150		0.276		0.276
Index Component V	alue			0.150	0.150	0.276	0.150	
Acoustic	p _{r,a} at z _{MI}	(MPa)	1.64					
Parameters	Р	(mW)		18.0		18.0		18.0
	P _{1x1}	(mW)		11.2		11.2		
	Z _S	(cm)			2.43			
	z _b	(cm)					2.43	
	Z _{MI}	(cm)	1.77					
	Z _{pii,a}	(cm)	1.77					
	f _{awf}	(MHz)	2.83	2.	81	2.81		2.81
Other Information	prr	(Hz)	4800					
	srr	(Hz)	30.0					
	n _{pps}		4					
	I _{pa,a} at Z _{pii,a}	(W/cm ²)	73.9					
	I _{spta,a} at Z _{pii,a} or Z _{sii,a}	(mW/cm ²)	8.25					
	I _{spta,a} at Z _{pii} or Z _{sii}	(mW/cm ²)	11.7					
	p _r at Z _{pii}	(MPa)	1.94					
Operating Control	Control 1		~					
Conditions	Control 2			~	~	~	~	~
	Control 3							
	Control 4							
	Control 5							
	Control 6							
	Control 7							

Control 1: Exam Type: Cardiac; Depth: 3.2 cm; Mode: B Control 2: Exam Type: Cardiac; Depth: 4.5 cm; Mode: B

Clarius Scanner PA HD: Transcranial Color Doppler Mode

Index Label		MI	TIS		TIB		TIC	
				At Surface	Below Surface	At Surface	Below Surface	
Maximum Index Value Index Component Value			0.666	0.963		1.55		1.55
				0.963	0.963	1.55	0.963	
Acoustic	p _{r,a} at z _{MI}	(MPa)	1.04					
Parameters	Р	(mW)		82.4		82.4		82.4
	P _{1x1}	(mW)		82.4		82.4		
	Z _S	(cm)			4.27			
	z _b	(cm)					4.27	
	Z _{MI}	(cm)	4.27					
	Z _{pii,a}	(cm)	4.27					
	f _{awf}	(MHz)	2.46	2.46		2.46		2.46
Other Information	prr	(Hz)	4800					
	srr	(Hz)	30.0					
	n _{pps}		10					
	I _{pa,a} at Z _{pii,a}	(W/cm ²)	53.7					
	I _{spta,a} at Z _{pii,a} or Z _{sii,a}	(mW/cm ²)	38.9					
	I _{spta,a} at Z _{pii} or Z _{sii}	(mW/cm ²)	80.6					
	p _r at Z _{pii}	(MPa)	1.50					
Operating Control	Control 1		~	~	~	~	~	~
Conditions	Control 2							
	Control 3							
	Control 4							
	Control 5							
	Control 6							
	Control 7							

Control 1: Exam Type: Transcranial; Depth: 4 cm; Mode: CD

Clarius Scanner PA HD: Transcranial M-Mode

Index Label			MI	TIS		TIB		TIC
				At Surface	Below Surface	At Surface	Below Surface	
Maximum Index Value			0.972	0.010		0.041		0.011
Index Component V	alue			0.010	0.006	0.011	0.041	
Acoustic	p _{r,a} at z _{MI}	(MPa)	1.64					
Parameters	Р	(mW)		0.748 0.748		748	0.748	
	P _{1x1}	(mW)		0.748		0.748		
	Z _S	(cm)			2.40			
	z _b	(cm)					2.43	
	Z _{MI}	(cm)	1.40					
	Z _{pii,a}	(cm)	1.40					
	f _{awf}	(MHz)	2.83	2.81		2.	2.81	
Other Information	prr	(Hz)	200					
	srr	(Hz)	_					
	n _{pps}		1					
	I _{pa,a} at Z _{pii,a}	(W/cm ²)	73.9					
	I _{spta,a} at Z _{pii,a} or Z _{sii,a}	(mW/cm ²)	10.2					
	I _{spta,a} at Z _{pii} or Z _{sii}	(mW/cm ²)	14.4					
	p _r at Z _{pii}	(MPa)	1.94					
Operating Control	Control 1		~					
Conditions	Control 2			~	~	~	~	~
	Control 3							
	Control 4							
	Control 5							
	Control 6							
	Control 7							

[—] Not applicable for this scanner or mode.

Control 1: Exam Type: Transcranial; Depth: 3.2 cm; Mode: M Control 2: Exam Type: Transcranial; Depth: 4.5 cm; Mode: M

Clarius Scanner PA HD: Transcranial PW Doppler Mode

Index Label		MI	TIS		TIB		TIC	
				At Surface	Below Surface	At Surface	Below Surface	
Maximum Index Value			0.696	0.571		1.99		1.16
Index Component V	alue			0.571	0.327	1.16	1.99	
Acoustic	p _{r,a} at z _{MI}	(MPa)	0.983					
Parameters	Р	(mW)		60	60.0 60.0		60.0	
	P _{1x1}	(mW)		60.0 60.0		0.0		
	Z _S	(cm)			3.53			
	z _b	(cm)					4.20	
	Z _{MI}	(cm)	3.53					
	Z _{pii,a}	(cm)	3.53					
	f _{awf}	(MHz)	2.00	2.00		2.00		2.00
Other Information	prr	(Hz)	4000					
	srr	(Hz)	_					
	n _{pps}		1					
	I _{pa,a} at Z _{pii,a}	(W/cm ²)	42.2					
	I _{spta,a} at Z _{pii,a} or Z _{sii,a}	(mW/cm ²)	312					
	I _{spta,a} at Z _{pii} or Z _{sii}	(mW/cm ²)	544					
	p _r at Z _{pii}	(MPa)	1.30					
Operating Control	Control 1		~	~	~	~	~	~
Conditions	Control 2							
	Control 3							
	Control 4							
	Control 5							
	Control 6							
	Control 7							

[—] Not applicable for this scanner or mode.

Control 1: Exam Type: Transcranial; Gate Depth: 4 cm; Mode: PWD

Revision History

User Manual Revision	Revision Date	Description					
A	May 10, 2019	First official release.					
В	May 21, 2019	Updated: Device Description section, temperature limits, acoustic output tables.					
С	July 5, 2019	Changed: Product CIDNs.					
		Updated: Minimum supported iOS version.					
		Removed: A Quick Tour section.					
D	August 22, 2019	Updated: Device Description, Acoustic Output Tables.					
E	September 25, 2019	Updated: Scanner Dimensions, Scanner Specifications.					
F	September 26, 2019	Removed: Sterilization Systems.					
1	October 29, 2019	Release for production.					
2	March 17, 2020	Added: "MD" symbol, Clarius Scanner L20 HD.					
		Changed: Scanner warranty from one year to three years, Device Description section.					
		Removed: Clarius Stand, IEEE 11073- 20601a.					
3	October 21, 2020	Added: Clarius 2-in-1Charging Station HD.					
		Updated: Device Description, Cleaning the Clarius Scanner HD, Indications for Use, Indications for Use Tables, System Requirements, Doppler Sensitivity, Cleaners & Disinfectants, Scanner Specifications, Performance, Acoustic Output Tables.					
		Removed: Glossary of Terms.					
4	January 27, 2021	Changed: address					
5	February 17, 2021	Changed: Safety section.					
6	March 24, 2021	Changed: Symbols Glossary, Scanner Notifications, .					
7	May 10, 2021	Changed: Indications for Use tables, Precautions, Measurement Accuracy Tables, Scanner Specifications, Acoustic Output Tables					
8	January 18, 2022	Changed: Symbols Glossary, Cleaners & Disinfectants, Product Safety, back page.					
9	March 25, 2022	Changed: copyright, Clarius Foot Pedal, Product Safety, Symbols Glossary, Precautions, Product Classification, Quality tables, back page. Removed: Biocompatibility.					
10	May 2, 2022	Changed: Product Classification, Acoustic Output Tables.					
11	February 13, 2023	Changed: copyright, back page.					
12	February 27, 2023	Added: Voice Control.					
		Changed: back page.					
13	May 19, 2023	Changed: About this Manual, About the Clarius Ultrasound Scanner, System Specifications.					
14	January 16, 2025	Changed: copyright, "Target Audience" to "Intended Users", About the Clarius Ultrasound Scanner, Using the Clarius Ultrasound Scanner, Using the Clarius 2-in-1 Charging Station HD, Cleaning the Clarius Scanner HD, Syringe Safety, System Specifications.					



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